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[the Logsdon family]
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Genealogical

Sketches and Anecdotes

of

Early Pioneers

Arranged and Compiled

by

H. C. Logsdon

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A Biographical Sketch of "Big Joe Logsdon, The Indian Fighter"

1st Generation: –

WILLIAM LOGSDON Sr., born in Ireland in 1652, came to Maryland in 1673. Married HONORA O'FLYNN in 1702. To this union were born seven children: Their names are given in order of their birth; ANN, 1703, WILLIAM Jr., 1705, PRUDENCE, 1707, EDWARD, 1709, HONORA, 1711, THOMAS 1713, and JOHN 1716. Lived in Baltimore Co. Md.

2nd Generation: –

THOMAS LOGSDON Sr. born 1713 or '14, married Mary (Name not known). The names of four of their children are recorded.

1. MALINDA LOGSDON, married James Welsh and lived near Oakland, Md., later moved to Short Creek, Va. and still late in life they migrated with other members of the family to Athens County, Ohio.

2. JOSEPH LOGSDON, born in Frederick Co. Md. By the time he reached early manhood his parents had migrated westward into what is now Garrett Co. at a place called Ryan's Glade on the north branch of the Potomac River.
(SEE FULL ACCOUNT OF HIM DOWN BELOW)

3. THOMAS LOGSDON II, married and lived in western Md. for a time. In the year 1784 he went with several others on a trip of exploration into the wilds of Kentucky and returned the following year. He is the first Logsdon on record to have owned land in Madison Co. Kentucky. In the year 1790 he migrated to his 300 acre tract of land in Ky.
(For a detailed account of his descendants, see later)

3rd

4. WILLIAM LOGSDON, born about 1750, married in 1772 and about 1790 went with his brother Thomas to Kentucky, and settled in Hardin Co. The names of two of their children are on record there.

4a

A. WILLIAM LOGSDON Jr. born 1773, died in 1853. He married Elizabeth Carman in the year 1793, likely in Hardin Co.

B. Mary Logsdon born 1794, died in 1878. She married J. L. Ashbaugh in 1812 in Hardin Co.

have been [redacted] twelve children, seven of whom are yet living. Mary Ann, William, Robert, and Rena are all married and live in Gallatin county, and Minnie, Jennie and James are at home. Mr. Mitchell is an unswerving Democrat in his political views, and with his family belongs to the Cumberland Presbyterian church.

JOSEPH LOGSDON, a farmer, living five miles southwest of Shawneetown, Ill., is of German extraction, and a descendant of one of the first settlers in that section of the Lower Ohio Valley. His great-grandfather came from Germany some time prior to the Revolutionary war, settled in Maryland, and there passed the remainder of his life. He married there and reared a family of children, one of whom, a son named Joseph, served with Braddock in the French and Indian war, and afterward fought in the Revolution. This Joseph Logsdon married Susan Durban, whose father owned the ground upon which a part of the city of Baltimore now stands, and who leased it for a period of ninety-nine years. The leases have long since expired and the tenants remain in possession, though the land rightfully belongs to the Durban heirs. Soon after his marriage Joseph Logsdon packed his worldly goods upon horses, and with his wife made his way to Virginia, then to Kentucky, next to Indiana, and finally to Southern Illinois, settling in what is now Gallatin county. The region was at that time the extreme frontier, and troubles with the Indians were of no uncommon occurrence. After a short stay in his new location he and his wife were compelled to seek the protection of old Fort Massac, in what is now Massac county, and there he passed the rest of his days. Most of his life was spent on the frontier and he had frequent brushes with the Indians. While living in Kentucky he was attacked by two Indians, one of whom shot him from his horse, but the ball glanced and saved his life. In the hand to hand fight which followed he killed one of the Indians with his knife, and wounded the other so badly that he committed suicide afterward. He was known as "Big Joe" or "Bulger Joe" Logsdon, the latter name having been given to him while he was with Braddock. Although a man of great physical strength he was not quarrelsome, and few of the pioneers had more friends. During the latter

part of his life he took great interest in encouraging immigration to Southern Illinois. He and his wife had the following children: Thomas, Polly, Prudy, Peggie, Susan and Joseph. Thomas married in Ripley county, Ind., while the family were living there, and his descendants still live in that state. Polly married Isaac Williams, and Prudy married James Meyer, both of Ripley county. Peggie married a man named Cox, after the family came to Illinois, and died at Shawneetown. Susan died young and Joseph was the father of the subject of this sketch. He was born near Covington, Ky., Aug. 19, 1795. After the death of his father at Fort Massac he returned with his mother and one sister to Gallatin county, and bought a farm near Shawneetown, where his mother died some years later. On Dec. 16, 1829, he was married to Matilda Thompson, who was born Aug. 13, 1802, and they commenced their married life on the farm above mentioned. He no doubt inherited some of his father's liking for a military life, for he served in the Black Hawk war. In the cholera epidemic of 1832 he, his mother and his sister Peggie all fell victims to the dread disease. His widow afterward married Richard Tarlton, a native of Gallatin county, and lived until 1837. Joseph and Matilda Logsdon had four children: Eliza married a man by the name of Rogers and is deceased; Peggy lives north of Shawneetown; Joseph is the subject of this sketch, and Thomas died in Oregon from the effects of a kick from a horse. Joseph Logsdon, the third to bear that name, was born about a mile southwest of Shawneetown, Oct. 22, 1825. In his boyhood he attended the old subscription schools for six months, which constituted his entire schooling. After the death of his mother he went to Indiana, where he lived with relatives for four years, at the end of which time he returned to Gallatin county. For some time he was employed as a farm hand, after which he followed the river for a while, making nine trips to New Orleans. In 1850 he made the trip overland to California. Leaving Fort Leavenworth on May 22, he reached Hangtown, Cal., on August 22d, which was then the quickest trip on record. After working in the mines and in Sacramento for about eighteen months he returned to Illinois in 1852, and took up the occupation of a farmer, which he has followed ever since. In 1859 he bought 185 acres where he now lives, and the following year built the house he occupies. He now owns 435 acres, all under cultivation but about forty acres, and is one of the successful farmers of the county. In 1853 he was married to Mary A. Rogers, who was born Feb. 10, 1835, and died Jan. 21, 1894, leaving no children. On April 23, 1896, he was married to Mrs. Ann

Number 2 -- Joseph Logsdon

While living with his parents in Ryan's Glade Gen. George Washington made a trip from Virginia up into Washington Co. Pa. to oust the "SQUATTERS" who had taken possession of the land there allotted to him by Gov. Dinwiddie for his services in the French and Indian War. On Washington's return trip, he stayed over night in the home of Thomas Logsdon Sr. JOHN LOGSDON, a brother of Thomas, was also there the same night. The following day Washington wrote in his diary that he had met "a very intelligent brother of Mr. Logsdon (Thomas) John Logsdon was a noted land surveyor in Maryland while Washington was a noted surveyor in Virginia. Washington also stated in his diary that Mr. Logsdon's son Joseph acted as his guide for he knows every hill and rivulet between North Branch and Dunker's Bottom. And makes hunting his chief occupation."

You will note that the above JOSEPH LOGSDON WAS A SON OF THOMAS LOGSDON Sr., who was a son of WILLIAM and HONORA LOGSDON. And that he lived with his parents in the Stony River section of the North Branch of the Potomac River.

Soon after Washington's trip Joseph seems to have married a girl whose given name was Mary (Her maiden or family name appears not to be recorded) and established a home of their own on North Branch of the Potomac River.

Some Interesting Facts and Anecdotes of Joseph Logsdon and His Son "Big Joe Logsdon"

The above Joseph Logsdon was a son of Thomas who was a son of William and Honora who were emigrants from Ireland.

The American Pioneer Journal, published in Chillicothe, Ohio in 1842 carries a chapter, headed "AN ANECDOTE OF JOSEPH LOGSDON" reads as follows: —

"The elder Logsdon whose name was Joseph and his wife whose name, I think, was Mary, with an only son bearing his name "Big Joe Logsdon," lived when I knew them, on the North branch of the Potomac River, a most inhospitable region of the Alleghany Mountains, some thirty miles from any settlement.

There never was a better family calculated to live in such a place. Old Joe, (For they were known as Old JOE and YOUNG JOE) was a very large athletic man with uncommon muscular strength. The old lady was not much above the ordinary height of women, but like the "Dutchman's Horse" was built from the ground up. It would have taken the strength of two or three women to equal hers, and their son, "Big Joe" was no discredit to either of them, in the way of size, strength or activity. In fact he soon outstripped his father. What little he lost in height was more than compensated for in his thickness and muscle of his mother; so that when he came to his full size and strength he went by the name of "BIG JOE LOGSDON. He was the quickest, surest center shot to be found anywhere. About the time "Big Joe" arrived at manhood, his father and mother were called back to Baltimore County where they lived the remainder of their lives. "Big Joe" thus being left single-handed and other settlers having moved in within six miles, could not stand this; so he pulled up stakes and decamped to a neighborhood where he could hear the crack of no man's rifle except his own. His uncommon size and strength and his inclination to be entirely free from restraint, made him choose a residence a little outside the bounds of law and civil liberties. I do not know the precise time he left the Alleghanies, but I believe it to be between 1787 and 1791. The next we hear of "BIG JOE", he was settled in Kentucky, I think south of the Green River on a branch called the "Little" Baren River."

AN OLD KENTUCKY HISTORY PUBLISHED IN 1826 by H. Marshall, has the FOLLOWING STORY OF "BIG JOE LOGSDON". WHICH OCCURRED THE NEXT YEAR AFTER HIS ARRIVAL THERE.

"An adventure of some singularity occurred in February 1792. A man in the Green River Settlement by the name of Joseph Logsdon, traveling on horse back was fired upon by two Indians and both himself and horse wounded. The assailants at a small distance, moved rapidly toward him while he to escape them, dismounted on the opposite side of the horse which was not able to carry him out of danger. While he, not much injured, attempted to get off by running; but the Indians whose guns were now empty set them down and pursued him with their knives and tomahawks. One of them, being swifter of foot than the other, was all but ready to lay hands on him, when Logsdon turned on him and shot him in the abdomen. That stopped him, but by that time the other Indian came at him. Logsdon then clubbed him with his empty gun and gave the Indian a blow which caused him to retreat and in turn was pursued by Logsdon. In running thru the brush and weeds, the Indian stumbled and fell, dropping his tomahawk, which before he could retrieve it, Logsdon seized it and gave the Indian such a blow that it dispatched him. Immediately, Logsdon reloaded his rifle and went in search of the wounded Indian. In the meantime the wounded Indian was seen bracing himself behind a tree trying to reload his gun . When Logsdon saw him at a distance, looking as if determined on battle, and feeling himself much fatigued, without knowing the condition of the Indian, he prudently declined the combat when he knew that by going a few miles, to the settlement, he could get assistance. This he did and upon his return with others, to his great surprise, he found the Indian dead from the gun shot wound in the abdomen."

Other Facts About Joseph Logsdon Sr. and His Son "Big Joe" Logsdon

According to Collins, a Kentucky Historian, Joseph Logsdon Sr. and his wife Mary had only one son whom they named Joseph. Often styled "BIG JOE LOGSDON", also known as the "INDIAN FIGHTER," and "BULGER JOE LOGSDON."

He was a man of great strength and agility. It is said of him that he was the "Champion of all Western Waters", when it came to lifting, running, jumping or fighting. The fact he liked to fight the "Whites" as well as the Indians is verified by an incident related to the writer when a boy by Joseph Twigg a grand son of James Logsdon who lived the first sixteen years of his married life on a plantation called "Apple Brandy Forest, about eight miles south east of Westminster, Md. (Note: The above James Logsdon was the great grand father of the writer, H. C. Logsdon)

It appears that after "BIG JOE" had lived in Kentucky about eighteen or twenty years, he came back to Baltimore County to visit his parents who had gone back there to live the remainder of their lives about the time "BIG Joe" migrated to Kentucky. It appears that he also, visited other Logsdon kinfolks living in the vicinity of Westminster. On one occasion as related by Mr. Twigg, Big Joe spent the night with the family of the above James Logsdon. The following morning Mr. Logsdon told "Big Joe" that it was necessary for him to go to town (Westminister) on business and, if he, "Big Joe" would promise him not to get into a fight he would take him along. "Big Joe" accepted the challenge and went along to town. While in town, some bystanders, attracted by his uncouth and backwoodsmen appearance, began to make some sarcastic remarks about him. This aroused "Big Joe's" fighting spirit and he was about to lay hands on the group, when he remembered the promise made to his cousin in the morning and refrained from fighting them.

Mr. COLLINS, further states that "Big Joe" was probably never married and while in Kentucky he lived with the family of Andrew Barnett with whom he was tried in a "Horse stealing case," but never convicted. The above family lived on the Baren River, a branch of the Green River in Green County Ky.

Mr. Collins says of "Big Joe" That he was a rare chap, having had many narrow escapes in his hunting tours."

It appears that soon after his visit to Baltimore Co. that he went with other emigrants, perhaps some Logsdon kinfolks were in the company, into southern Indiana, and while there he led a troop of white soldiers against the Indians who were making raids on the white settlers there. The white troops after having crossed the Wabash River, seeing that thew were far out numbered by the Indians, beat a hasty retreat. In the meantime "Big Joe" and other scouts covered the retreat and upon coming to the river, "Big Joe" gave the command "Bulger the River." (A colloquialism meaning to swim the River) which command was obeyed and all crossed in safety. Late in life he migrated to the Sangamon River section of Illinois, where he died and may have been buried in an unmarked grave. Thus "Young Joe", "Big Joe", Joe Logsdon the "Indian Fighter", and "Bulger Joe Logsdon," aided in preparing the way for the settlement of four different states, viz; parts of Maryland, Kentucky, Indiana, and Illinois.

Genealogical Sketch of Thomas Logsdon (II) of Thomas Logsdon Sr. of William and Honora.

3. THOMAS LOGSDON (II) as previously stated was married and lived in western Maryland. While living there he made a trip of exploration into Kentucky about 1784 and entered a 300 acre tract of land in Madison County.
Records show that he migrated there with his family about 1790. Possibly "BIG JOE" Logsdon might accompanied them, for it seems that he arrived there about the same time.

In 1797, Governor Gerrard appointed him as a Captain in his army. He died leaving a will dated May, 1818. His will named the following children:

A. JOHN LOGSDON, born about 1775. He was a pensioner and served in Captain James Dermott's Company from March 29, 1813 to April 1814. He was taken prisoner on May 5, 1813 and released one week later. We think that he is the John Logsdon who married in Madison Co. Ky. in 1796, Susannah Durbin, daughter of Nickolas Durbin who bonded her marriage. John was named executor of his father's estate.

B. SARAH LOGSDON married Arnold White in 1797. One of their daughters, Nancy White married Sylvester Logsdon in 1829. He was a son of James B. Logsdon, son of Edward Logsdon Jr. They were the parents of four sons; Sylvester Jr., Charles, Joseph, and Washington.

a. SYLVESTER LOGSDON Jr. when a young man migrated to Missouri where he met, wooed and married Charlotte Forney whose parents with their family had migrated from Pennsylvania to Missouri in a wagon train about the same time. Her parents names were Daniel and Charlotte Forney. Her grandmother's name was Charlotte Nomer. Sylvester and Charlotte Logsdon Jr. were the parents of only one son whom they named Harold Lynn Logsdon, who after the death of his

battle which followed the British land forces were repulsed with the loss of Gen. Ross and a large number of soldiers, while the American forces lost less than a hundred men, among whom, however, were several prominent citizens of Baltimore. Prior to the attack, Francis Scott Key a prominent official of Westminister had gone and boarded one of the British ships possibly to prevent the attack. While the land forces were engaged, the ships began the bombardment of Fort McHenry at the entrance of the harbor of Baltimore. The bombardment lasted until late in the evening. Mr. Key was detained on the ship until the following morning. In the morning Mr. Key observed that the bullet-pierced American flag was still flying over the uncaptured Fort. He then drew from his pocket an old letter head and wrote on the back of it the words of our National anthem "The Star-Spangled Banner." There must have been a feeling of great joy among the victorious American Army as they watched the repulsed British army board their ships and sail away down into Chesapeake Bay.

The next Spring after the Baltimore attack, the Logsdon family sold their farm and equipment and secured a covered wagon in which they stored their cooking utensils, bedding and clothing and started on a migration westward. Since they were devout Protestants while most of their kinfolks and neighbors were communicants of the Catholic faith, they went out, like Abraham of old, not knowing exactly where in the "Ohio Country" they might be led to establish a new home and a church of their religious faith. They traveled north westward thru Westminister on to Cumberland, and thence up thru the mountain passes in western Maryland to Wheeling on the Ohio River. After crossing the River on a ferry boat, they went north westward in Harrison County and settled temporarily on a farm near the village of New Athens. The following Spring Mr. Logsdon accompanied by his oldest son Lawrence rode on horseback into Coshocton County in quest of a location for a new home. While spending a night in the village of Coshocton which was then (1816) just a pioneer town of log cabins, they met Mr. George Carpenter, the Government Land Agent for that section of Ohio, who told them of the rich lands in the northern part of the County. Mr. Carpenter offered to accompany them into this unbroken wilderness about 20 miles to the north. Incidently Mr. Carpenter had already built a cabin on a small tract in that vicinity. The following morning the Logsdons, accompanied by Mr. Carpenter rode on horseback into this new section, then known as the Doughty Valley section to the Carpenter Home. The next day after examining the land surrounding the Carpenter tract, they decided on a 320 acre tract of fairly level land lying north of the Carpenter home. They then arranged for the making of the deed and paying some on the purchase price which was then $2.00 per acre. They then returned over the same route to their home near New Athens.

The following Spring they again embarked in their covered wagon and began their long trek to their new tract of land. Arriving there late in May, they hastily built a bark cabin after the style of the Iroquois Indian long house which together with the covered wagon furnished shelter for them during the summer. Ere the coming of winter then had built two permanent log cabins, one for the family and the other for the live stock which they had acquired and brought with them from New Athens.

Thus "Young Joseph", the subject of our sketch, now a lad of 12, began his "teen-age Career" in surroundings entirely different from those he was accustomed in his native state. There being no schools and very few books except the family Bible from which the father read each morning, he spent the greater part of his time hunting and fishing thus helping to furnish food for the family table. Thus he soon became a good center shot in the use of the rifle and as he grew into manhood he became a strong athletic figure and a typical backwoodsman as he is shown in the picture.

After a time the Father alloted to each of his four sons a 40 acre parcel of land out of the original 320 acre tract which they might have as their own when they became 21 years old, provided they pay him the original cost price of $2.00 per acre. Each one accepted the offer and built cabins on their respective tracts. In his early 20's Joseph married Lydia Thompson. The members of the Thompson family were strong sturdy people. Thus Joseph had a companion suitable for pioneer life. To this union were born four sons and four daughters all of whom grew to man and woman hood. Evidently Joseph seems to have been pretty well versed in his knowledge of Bible characters for he named each of his four sons Bible names, namely: Samson, Jeremiah, John, and Joseph.

As the years went by and the community became thickly settled and the children approached man and woman hood, the pioneer spirit seemed to seize the whole family, and having sold their 40 acre home to his brother WILLIAM, he secured a covered wagon and started westward in search of a new home. After several months of travel, they arrived in Fountain Co. Ind. and purchased a tract of land in the unbroken wilderness near the present town of Hillsboro. They lived there the remainder of their lives. The children married and migrated to various states. About 40 years ago, the writer's father received a letter from a son John Logsdon, stating that he was living in Tennessee and was engaged in the lumber business. One daughter, Sarah, married and migrated to Texas.

WILLIAM LOGSDON (III), son of WILLIAM LOGSDON Jr., son of WILLIAM and HONORA LOGSDON, was born about 1735 and married about 1756, and had a son named Joseph Logsdon who married a Miss Atterbury in Maryland. About 1795 they migrated to

Kentucky, probably locating in Hardin Co. Some years later they went to Illinois, from there they went to Adair Co. Mo. and then on to Skyler, Co. They had only one son whom they called Hardin, probably after Hardin Co. Ky. from whence they migrated.

Hardin Logsdon married a woman whose maiden name was McGinnis. This marriage took place in McCoupin Co. Ill. where they lived for a short time. They soon migrated to Missouri and a little later to Washington Co. Ark. and then on the Fannin C., Texas. It is reputed that they were the parents of a large family of children, although the names of only two of them were known to the writer, namly; Joseph Logsdon, born about 1830 and James Logsdon, born in 1832. This Joseph married and lived in Fannin Co. Texas. Then later in life they migrated to California locating in the town of San Jacinto where they lived the remainder of their lives.

In a letter to the writer about forty years ago, the above Joseph Logsdon listed the names of his six children and gave their places of residence, as follows:—Mrs. Coraletus Logsdon Hanson lives in Cuchillo, California. The next daughter, Mrs. Martha Tripp lives in San Jacinto. Calif. Another daughter Mrs. Mary Moon lives in San Dimas, Calif. The oldest son. Edward James Logsdon lives near Goshen, Tulara Co. Calif. The next son, Joseph Lincoln Logsdon lives in Pasadena, Calif. The third son, James A. Logsdon lives in Murphresburrough, Ark. The elder Joseph Logsdon at the time of the writing of the letter was 85 years old and his brother James Logsdon who lived at that time in Westmorland, Kans. was 83 years old.

It is very interesting to note that in almost every branch of the Logsdon clan there were several Joseph Logsdons who were among the early pioneers of the various states in the Union.

THE LOGSDON FAMILY

The first documented reference to the LOGSDON family in America, that the writer has been able to discover, is found in the Hall of Records, Patent of Records, Annapolis, Maryland, Volume 15: page 34, reading as follows;

January 16, 1674 — "Captain Samuel Smith of Virginia, proved his right to three hundred acres of land, by Hanna, his wife, and Attorney, for transporting Robert Dewsberry, William Belcher, Thomas Humphries, WILLIAM LOGSDON, George Young, Jesiah Blackwell and William Golden, to this Province to inhabit."

In attempting to find out where these came from, we wrote to the Land Commissioner of Maryland at Annapolis and his reply answers this question - - - "We beg to advise that the tract of land based of proof of rights, and recorded Lieber 18, folio 38, was applied to SECOND CHOICE, 300 acres surveyed for Samuel Smith of Virginia, 4, 23, 1675 and Patented to him 1, 10, 1679. Lying in Somerset County at the head of the main branch of the Wicomice River, on north side of said branch, in neighborhood of Salisbury..... There is no way to tell where he landed or how he secured these men's rights, although he lived, as he had land in Northumberland County on the mouth of the Potomac River, in Kings Neck. Most of these names will be found in "Cavaliers and Pioneers" by Nugent.

Since his origin is in doubt, we can but speculate on his native land. The names of his fellow transportees have an Irish Flavor.in certain instances. If this conclusinn is correct, we wonder if he came from the North of Ireland and was of Scotch extraction, or if he came from Southern Ireland and as such was probably a Catholic. We have heard many stories handed down through the family generations that would both confirm and deny this assumption. The story to the effect that the early Logsden men were bitterly anti-British, would assume he came from Southern Ireland. The story that he married a devout Catholic who raised some of the children in that faith, might tend to deny this origin.

WILLIAM LOGSDON was probably an indentured man, and as such, probably served his four years and was possibly released from his indentureship in 1677. or 1678.

The Rent Rolls of Baltimore County form a valueable record of these early pioneers, but fortunately, they are not dated in any place where you can be sure that they apply to any definite period. In one instance they are in our favor and record-

August 28th 1687 — WILLIAM LOFTIN is charged with rent of a tract BROTHERLY LOVE. While the name is not spelled correctly, we do know that BROTHERLY LOVE was owned by WILLIAM LOGSDON and his heirs.

The next record found in our search is again found in the Hall of Records at Annapolis, Lieber DD-5, page 430 showing the purchase by WILLIAM LOGSDON of a tract of land.

May 12th 1707 — "By virtur of assignment of 100 acres warrant assigned by Gregory Davis of Baltimore County on the 19th day of April last, unto WILLIAM LOGSDON of said County, part of a warrant for 200 acres granted said Gregory Davis, on the 17th day of April last, I, John Isreal, Deputy

Surveyor under Mr. Clement Hill, Jr. have laid out to the aforesaid WILLIAM LOGSDON that tract and parcel of land called BEDFORD lying in Baltimore County on the north side of the Potapsco River, and on the north side of the Middle Branch thereof, beginning, Etc. Etc. .....
100 acres to be Beholden to the Manor of Baltimore."

This tract lies in present Carroll County, probably about 8 miles southeast of Westminister, the County Seat and directly on the route to Baltimore, through Owings Mills and Pikeville. It is necessary to have a fair knowledge of the various counties in Maryland and their formation, in order to follow the Logsdon family in their movements.

Baltimore County was formed in 1659 and was an Original County.

Prince Georges County was formed in 1695 and until 1740 extended from Charles County on the south to the state line on the north, and that was indefinite until Mason and Dixon. Baltimore County bounded it on the east and its western boundary was roughly the Monocacy River, which at present flows approximately north and south through the center of present Frederick County.

Frederick County was formed in 1748 from Prince Georges and from this county was formed Washington County in 1766 and Montgomery County in the same year.

Allegany County was formed in 1789 from Washington while Carroll County was lopped off Baltimore in 1836.

Garrett County was not formed until 1872.

The many references to BEDFORD'S location in later years seems to all refer to GREAT PIPE CREEK and LITTLE PIPE CREEK, both of which empty into Monocacy River, and would seem to indicate that BEDFORD lay a little north of the present county seat of Carroll County- Westminster. To wit:

BEDFORD adjoins tract THE ISLAND	BC& GS - 12: 361
BEDFORD on GREAT PIPE CREEK	Fredk. O: 675
BEDFORD on SW side GREAT ROADE	" WR -10: 538
BEDFORD (NEW) nr. bridge on GREAT PIPE CREEK	" WR -12: 409
BEDFORD abounding Buck Lodge	" L 22
BEDFORD & LOGSDON'S AMENDMENT are both shown bounded by Great Pipe Creek on a re-survey	WR -37: 632

From these references, it would appear that BEDFORD, NEW BEDFORD and LOGSDON'S AMENDMENT were contiguous to each other and bounded in whole or partly by GREAT PIPE CREEK. This was until 1836 in Baltimore County.

The next reference we find to any LOGSDON is again the Hall of Records, at Annapolis, Volume 13-5, page 278 - -

"Suit brought by WILLIAM LOGSDON against Thomas Gwynn, charging breech of Nov. contract made 11/31/1709 to build a forty feet tobacco shed on the ISLAND 31 lying in Baltimore County, near Oldtens Garrison...lies a short distance 1709 south of the Old Court Road, east of Pikeville."

Pikeville lies about five miles NW of the City of Baltimore on a line between Westminster and Baltimore. An interesting note in the Maryland Historical Magazine Vol. 16, page 105 states:

" The Garrison was built as a Fort at the head of one of the branches of

Jones Falls. Captain John Oldten an early inhabitant, was in charge of the Garrison in Baltimore County."

THE ISLAND was a 150 acre tract surveyed for John Lee, 11/15/1664 upon "Gunpowder ver right opposite River Mouth" and was a possession of John Carvell.

From the foregoing we can probably in all good faith place the occupation of WILLIAM LOGSDON as a "Planter" and that tobacco, as in the case of everyone else, was his principal crop.

In 1772 we find another Annapolis record in IL - A, No. A page 39, in which "WILLIAM LOGSDON buys tract LOGSDONS ADDITION, adjoining tract called BEDFORD."

Perhaps the most enlightening document found of these early settlers is again Annapolis, Lieber IS-N, page 338:
Sept. 19th 1726
"William Logsdon of Baltimore County, deeds to his beloved daughter ANN DURBIN tract of land called PLEASANT GREEN, being part of tract of land called LOGSDONS ADDITION lying on the north side of the Potapsco River, etc.. 97½ acres with all the houses, outhouses, barns, stables, tobacco houses, orchards, fences, etc. etc.. to be hers and her lawful heirs, begotten and born of her body and after the death of her husband Samuel Durbin, the land to return freely and quietly to the heirs of WILLIAM LOGSDON. Signed by his Mark, WILLIAM LOGSDON." Then came Honor Logsdon, his wife and released her dower rights in the property.

This document establishes without doubt that Honora was the wife of WILLIAM LOGSDON and that they had a daughter, ANN LOGSDON, who had married SAMUEL DURBIN, and in all probabilities establishes the marriage of William and Honor as being prior to 1706.

The name HONOR brings up an interesting speculation in connection with family lore handed down through the generations. The story told the writer, was that 3 Logsdon brothers, names William, Joseph, and Daniel, came to this country in the 17th century, and THAT ONE OF THESE BROTHERS married a beautiful Irish girl named HONOR O'FLYNN who was a captive from the coast of Ireland. The name is variously written as Honor, Honora, Honnorah, Oner, etc.. It seems that the fact of William Logsdon marrying Honor is more than just coincidence and we are accepting temporarily, until proved in error, as fact, that WILLIAM LOGSDON married HONOR O'FLYNN.

The next land record, located at Annapolis, Lieber AM-1, page 148 shows the acquisition by WILLIAM LOGSDON of the tract BROTHERLY LOVE.
May 22nd 1730 "Phillip Jones Jr. Deputy Surveyor under Charles Calvert, Esq., Surveyor General, has surveyed for WILLIAM LOGSDON a parcel of land called BROTHERLY LOVE, bounded by a white oak standing in the fork of a branch which descends into Conewago about 20 perches from a road leading from LOGSDONS to Conestoga Road, etc..... 300 acres, more or less, and to be holden to the Manor of Baltimore."

The above tract has been referred to in connection with the Rent Rolls of Baltimore County, and that it is Re-survey, rather than an original entry is confirmed in the Maryland Historical Magazine, Vol 15, page 390, which says:

"Referring to WILLIAM LOGDON'S RE-SURVEY OF BROTHERLY LOVE, laid out May 22, 1730, which mentions Conewago and Connestoga. The creek here mentioned is CONEWAGO CREEK on which the town of Hanover, York County, Pennsylvania is situated. Capt, Thos. Cresap opened the Conestoga Road here several years later.

As near as we can estimate, this tract is located near the boundary line between York and Adams Counties in pennsylvania, just north of Westminster and before the settlement of the boundary dispute with William Penn, was in Maryland, as indicated by "Beholden to the Manow of Baltimore."

In connection with the RE-SURVEY, we are inclined to accept as fact, that the Rent Rolls in Baltimore County, already referred to, are inaccurate as to date, and that, in addition the name LOGSDON was mispelled LOFTIN. In Vol. 199, Maryland Historical Magazine, page 367, there is noted the Rent Rolls of Baltimore County and the dates include 1705-1724,

"BROTHERLY LOVE, 100 acres, surveyed 8/28/1697 for Richard Perkins and WILLIAM LOFTIN lying on the south of Susquehanna River, beginning etc., etc.,... rent 0-4-0... in possession William Loftin's ORPHANS."

While this entry certainly muddies up the waters concerning the date of the death of WILLIAM LOGSDON, it is possible that the emigrant william was dead and that the re-survey was for his son William. We are inclined to the belief that the dates 1705-1724 are in error, as we have a 1730 deed signed by both William and Honor, found at Annapolis Lieber IS - L, page 46:

Sept. 22nd 1730 — "WILLIAM LOGSDON and wife HONOR sell all that tract of land called BEDFORD lying on the north side of Potapsco River on the Middle Branch thereof-----100 acres----- and a part of LOGSDONS ADDITION ---------- 150 acres ---- one line of the boundary is parrallel to the line of ANN DURBIN ----- signed WILLIAM LOGSDON."

In view of the foregoing evidence, the writer nominated as the frist named in Maryland, WILLIAM LOGSDON and wife HONOR O'FLYNN. We place his death as after September 22nd, 1730 and prior to March 3rd, 1742. If he was of age in 1673 when he arrived, he was born in 1652 or prior. His death in 1730, would make him about 72 years of age and keeping with the longevity for which the Logsdons, in succeeding generations, seem amply endowed.

From the records already submitted, we have shown that WILLIAM LOGSDON held title to several tracts of land, among them BROTHERLY LOVE, BEDFORD, LOGSDONS ADDITION, PLEASANT GREEN and possibly others. All contiguous to Westminster, Carrolll County, Maryland, with the exception of BROTHERLY LOVE, which was above the state line in Pennsylvania.

In 1742, we pick up a deed in the Hall of Records, TB-C, page 183, indicating the death of WILLIAM LOGSDON by inference:

March 3rd 1742 — "WILLIAM LOGSDON, JOHN LOGSDON, EDWARD LOGSDON, planters of Prince Georges County, convey to George Counte, of Little Conewage a tract called BROTHERLY LOVE .... 300 acres .... HANNAH LOGSDON the Mother, Ann, Sarah and Margaret Logsdon, wives of said WILLIAM, JOHN, and EDWARD LOGSDON release their dower rights."

In view of the many discrepancies in transcribing these records, we can excuse the writing of Hannah for honora. The reference to Prince Georges County is explained that Frederick was not formed until 1748, and then Prince Georges County extended clear to the Pennsylvania line.

In 1692 and 1693 the Church of England erected the following parishes and Churches - -

1. Potapsco Chruch (St. Paul's) Baltimore County.
2. St. John's Church (Copley) Baltimore County.
3. St. George's Church, Baltimore County.

In 1742, they established St. Thomas's Church at Owings Mills, Maryland. ortunately, they have preserved some records at these churches and we are able found at St. Paul's Church, Baltimore, the following:

July 4, 1723 ANN LOGSDON married SAMUEL DURBIN
Sept. 13, 1730 HONOR LOGSDON married RICHARD FOWLER
Sept. 2, 1735 PRUDENCE LOGSDON married JAMES KELLY
Oct. 9, 1735 JOHN LOGSDON married MARGARET WOOLEY
Feb 27, 1731 COMFORT LOGSDON born to WILLIAM LOGSDON and ANN LOGSDON

With these records it is apparent that since JOHN LOGSDON married MARGARET OOLEY and WILLIAM LOGSDON married ANN, it remains that EDWARD LOGSDON married SARAH hus straightening out the wives who released their dower rights in 1742 deed.

From the foregoing, we seem to be on fairly solid ground in laying out the tructure of the family of WILLIAM LOGSDON.

. WILLIAM LOGSDON, born 1652, died 1730-42: married circa 1702 HONOR O'FLYNN, resumably the "Captive" Irish Maiden.

1. ANN LOGSDON, b. 1703: married 7/4/1723 SAMUEL DURBIN, Maryland Historical Society Magazine, Vol. 19, page records that in 1729, SAMUEL DURBIN was appointed Overseer of Roads and inn his District was the Old Garrison Road, already referred to as near the Logsdon Property.

2. WILLIAM LOGSDON married ANN DAVIS, of Henry Davis and wife Ann. This marriage is not recorded but we have data, developed further along showing the parentage of Ann.

3. JOHN LOGSDON, born 1716, married 10/9/1735 MARGARET WOOLEY.

4. EDWARD LOGSDON married SARAH. This marriage is not recorded.

These four children of William and Honor seem quite without doubt to be in heir proper groove by documentation. It is to be regretted that from this point on, and to a far greater extent than is necessary for the writer's peace of mind, e must depend on inference, circumstances and in some cases just plain "Hunch", o place children in their proper families. We place as children of William and onora-- - - - -

5. PRUDENCE LOGSDON, married 9/2/1735 JAMES KELLY

We place her as a daughter of William and Honor as her age is in the right roup to be a daughter, and in addition, she was married where three other known hildren were married. Her children were baptised at the Owings Mill Church - -

A. Mary Kelly born 1736
B. Patience Kelly " 1738
C. Nathan Kelly " 1740
D. Honor Kelly " 1742
E. James Kelly " 1744
F. John Kelly " 1746
G. Eleanor Kelly born 1752
H. Charles Kelly " 1754
I. Susan Kelly " 1756
J. Ann Kelly " 1758
K. Thomas Dye Kelly " 1760

James Kelly's death is noted at same Church 9/24/1799. It is curious that she did not name a son after her father (although 1748 and 1750 nitches are cant) but did after her Mother.

6. HONOR LOGSDON married 9/13/1730 RICHARD FOWLER.
Honor is placed as a child of William, for the same reasons as Prudence and in addition, she was named for her Mother.

7. THOMAS LOGSDON married MARY. He is included as he was born prior to 1715 putting him in the right age class. In 1737, he bought a tract from John Wooley, who, we presume, is father of Margaret Wooley. Thomas Logsdon witnessed the will of Samuel Durbin, his brother-in-law.

In addition to the foregoing facts, we have placed EVERY SINGLE LOGSDON, whose record we have been able to find, in these early days. In other words, there are no Logsdons unassimilated or left over. All recorded Logsdons seem to fall into place and we have quite a fair degree of confidence that time will prove these seven children were all correctly placed as children of William and Honor.

At this point, the writer feels he should inject a religious inquiry into an otherwise peaceful Logsdon family history. Why were five of seven of the children of William Logsdon and Honora O'Flynn married, or had children baptised in Church of England churches, when in the next generation, and for many succeeding generations, the Logsdons, as a whole, were devout Catholics? A little closer study of the political situation in Maryland in these times might shed a little light.

It is to be remembered that the Proprietor of Maryland was Catholic and it was probably his intention that the Colony would become a haven for persecuted Catholics, but it was also clearly evident that he wanted Protestant colonists too. To this end, he promised religious toleration and so directed his officers and this led to the Religious Toleration Act of 1640, but it covered only the sects of Trinitarian Christianity. Later on, when the franchise really began to mean something, the Propietor sought to disenfranchise any voter not having fifty acres or forty pounds. This finally led to such impassioned complaints that something had to be done about it, inasmuch as the principal complaint was that the propietor was keeping the Government in the hands of the Catholics.

Then arose the dispute with William Penn over the boundary line with Pennsylvania and its final establishment by Mason and Dixon. During this dispute, which reached back to England, and during the absence of the Propietor in 1688, the English Revolution started. There were rumors in the Colony of a Baptist plot to slaughter the Protestants and thus enable the opposition to overthrow the Government. The Crown, then, in the interests of trade set up a Royal Government in 1692 in Maryland. The Proprietor, having become a Protestant, the Proprietary Government was restored, and in 1715 the Catholics were immediately disenfranchised.

It was during this period, 1715-1735, that probably all of the children of William and Honor were married. It is possible that the Church of England was the only avenue by which a legal marriage could be performed in Maryland at that time, and if so, would account for the Church of England marriages.

We have heard a "Hand-me-down" story from Logsdon descendants that "one of the early Logsdons married a Catholic" and there was a sort of family dispute on question of religion, the girls being brought up Catholics, while the men remained Protestants. The question is certainly of no importance in this work, but it is brought out at this point, as being an unanswered question that has presented itself many times during the years.

We are going to make no effort to trace down the distaff side of the Logsdon family, except in the case of Ann Logsdon Durbin and that only because her descendants were so inter-married with the descendants of her brothers and sisters that it is almost necessary. We will leave the Fowler family. (Honor Logsdon married Richard Fowler, and the Kelly family. (Prudence Logsdon married James Kelly) and only briefly outline the family of Ann Logsdon, who married Samuel. We will endeavor to outline the male lines as far as possible and watch these Logsdon families migrate westward in Maryland, through Frederick, Allegany and Garrett Counties, hence to Kentucky and from there to Ohio, Illinois, Indiana and then south to Missouri and Texas and finally clear to the Pacific Ocean by 1870, thus in two hundred years, spanning the whole continent.

The girls in the family of William and Honor Logsdon were three in number:

1. ANN LOGSDON married at St. Paul's Church, Baltimore, July 4, 1723 SAMUEL DURBIN. Her will dated 7/8/1770 in Frederick County, Maryland, was witnessed by her brothers John Logsdon and William Logsdon. The will of Samuel Durbin was dated 9/19/1752 and witnessed by Thomas Logsdon, brother of Ann. (Frederick County WB 28, p. 400). Her will notes the following children:

   A. Sarah Durbin b. 9/19/1724 m. McKinzie
   B. William Durbin b. 1/4/1726
   C. Samuel Durbin b. 1/29/1727
   D. Ann Durbin b. m. Stevenson
   E. Thomas Durbin b. 7/13/1732
   F. John Durbin
   G. Margaret Durbin b. 7/13/1736 m. Brown
   H. Nickolas Durbin
   I. Mary Durbin married Ralph Logsdon (John 2, William 1)
   J. Christopher Durbin b. 7/13/1741
   K. Edward Durbin
   L. Benjamin Durbin 3/30/1748--11/20/1815 buried Catholic cemetary at Westminster, Maryland.
   M. Honor Durbin

One Durbin descendant also lists three more children who might possibly have died prior to 1770. For a more detailed account of this family, see the Durbin chapter appended. (We did not receive this chapter. MLD)

2. HONOR LOGSDON married September 13,1730 at St. Pauls Church at Baltimore to Richard Fowler. We have no further record of this family, although in 1802 in Kentucky, Edward Logsdon was witness to the will of Mathew Fowler. This may be pure coincidence.

3. PRUDENCE LOGSDON married September 2, 1735 at St. Paul's church Baltimore, to James Kelly. We have already listed the children of this union, who were all baptised at St. Thomas Church at Owings Mills.

We will now turn our attention to the male line stemming from William and Honor:

A. JOHN LOGSDON (1716-1797 married October 9, 1735 St. Paul's Church, Baltimore, MARGARET HOOLEY. This line is the best documented of any of the Logsdon family, due to the Chancery Suit over the disposition of his homestead FANNYS MEADOW, now part of the town of Westminster, Maryland. His birth is derived from a deposition recorded in the Maryland Archives Vol. 38,p 559. Date 6/28/1752: Deposition of JOHN LOGSDON AGED ABOUT 36 years .....swears that 16 or 17 years ago, he lived in the neighborhood of Conewago and had lived there some years before....that he had been employed to survey a tract of land for Dudley Diggs, etc. etc. " This testimony is quoted as indicating that in 1736, John Logsdon lived in the neighborhood of Conewago (BROTHERLY LOVE) and had lived there for some

prior to that date. This was the tract that was conveyed by the three brothers in 1742. The deposition also shows that John Logsdon was a surveyor. We feel that his wife, MARGARET WOOLEY, was the daughter of JOHN WOOLEY for whom John acted as Administrator upon his death and who, with John Jones, submitted the estate accounts as shown Leiber 24, p. 187. This same JOHN WOOLEY also sold to Thomas Logsdon, brother of John, a tract called WOOLEYS RANGE. It is likely that the calling of surveyor stood John Logsdon in good stead, as we have a great many re records of his land transactions:

1749 John Logsdon owns tract in Carroll County, BEDFORD sold in 1707 to WILLIAM LOGSDON (BF - GS - 5 p. 606).

1750 John Logsdon buys tract FREDERICK County (FANNEYS MEADOW) , whereon he moved "A young man with a young family". (Chancery 138 p. 413)

1754 John Logsdon buys PATIENTS CARE 20 acres. (Frederick County E - 599)

1757 John Logsdon listed as Pvt., Capt. Thos. Norris Co. in French Indian War 91754-1763 but later data shows this date to be 1767. Prob. Frederidk County. (Md. Hist. Vol. 9, p 350.)

1760 John Logsdon buys tracts NEW BEDFORD, Frederick County, 75 acres and 530 acres (BC-GS; 12, 361)

1763 John Logsdon re-survey BEDFORD GS - 19 p 441)

1765 John Logsdon "farmer" sold 93 acres RE-SURVEY OF BEDFORD. Margaret releases dower. (Frederick K - 63)

1767 John Logsdon Sr. buys from Edward Diggs of St. Mary's County, and NORMAN BRUCE of Frederick County, 1,000 acres, part of BEDFORD in Frederidk County. (Frederick L-20) This Norman Bruce was a neighbor of Thomas Logsdon in Ryans Glade.

1767 John and Margaret Logsdon sell 161 acres in Frederick County.

1769 John Logsdon was a witness of the Will of John Phillips (WB-37 p 543)

1770 John Logsdon mentioned in article published in"Pioneer Families Garrett Co." wherin William Logsdon (Son of John) testifies he was born in 1747 and that John Logsdon (surveyor) has shown him (William) a white ork marked "AV" in Ryans Glade, that he (John) had surveyed in 1770 calling tract ARIOS VALE.

1770 John and William Logsdon were witns. will of their sister Ann Durbin.

1771 John Logsdon sells 205 acres BEDFORD. Margaret releases dower. Purchaser, Morris Ellis, who may be the father of Joseph Ellis, who married John's daughter, Honor, in 1792.

1772 John Logsdon sells Stewarts Grove (BC & G 47 p 77)
John Logsdon sells AMENDMENT (BC & G 47 p 72)

1773 John Logsdon sells LOGSDONS AMENDMENT (BC & G 47; 164)

1773 John Logsdon listed Frederick County Debt book as having:

BEDFORD RE-SURVEYED	177 acres
PATIENTS CARE	20 acres
NEW BEDFORD	541 acres
RED LAND (THE ISLAND)	100 acres
AMENDMENT	24 acres

1773	John and Margaret Logsdon sell	Fredk. 8 - 201
	John and Margaret Logsdon sell	Fredk. 8 - 352
1774	John and Margaret Logsdon sell	Fredk. V - 139
	John and Margaret Logsdon sell	Fredk. W - 309
1775	John Logsdon and John Logsdon Jr. listed as an "Associator" Frederick County Committee of Observation.	
1777	John Logsdon and Margaret sell	Fredk. Rf - 121
1779	John Logsdon's wife is Margaret	Fredk. WR 2 - 117
1781	John and Margaret Logsdon sell	Fredk. WR 2 - 900
1787	John Logsdon Sr. and Jr. sell all of Bedford except certain parts already sold.	Fredk. WR7 - 429
1790	John Logsdon Census Fredk. County, three males over 16, 1 male under 16, and three females in household.	
1792	John Logsdon sells	Fredk. WR 11-29
1794	John Logsdon sells 75 acres of NEW BEDFORD to Henry McKensie and Norman Bruce, near bridge on Great Pipe Creek.	Fredk. WR 12-497
1792	John Logsdon swears on a re-survey in 1754	Fredk. WR 12-497
96	John Logsdon Jr. signs agreement on boundaries in NEW BEDFORD	Fredk. WR 13-468
1797	October, John Logsdon dies interstate	Chancery 138: 414

From the foregoing we can estimate that Margaret Wooley Logsdon died between 1781 and 1787, when her name was dropped from deeds.

It is further evident that all these Frederick County deeds still refer to the tracts about Westminister, in present Carroll County, which county did not make an appearance until 1836.

It seems fairly evident that JOHN LOGSDON inherited or acquired certain parcels of land from his father, WILLIAM LOGSDON, and that he added to these holdings during his life.

The tract FARNEYS MEADOW was situated in what is now the west end of the City of Westminster, Carroll County, Maryland and John Logsdon lived there from 1750, when he moved on it "a young man with a young family" until his death in 1797.

The diary of George Washington (which will be quoted at length in connection with Thomas Logsdon, brother of John) states that in 1784 he visited at "Mister Thomas Logsdon" and there met an intelligent brother. Inasmuch as we know of the conversation and that is concerned the route or routes to be used for a Canal we suggest that inasmuch as JOHN LOGSDON was a surveyor, and we know that he surveyed the Ayens Glade district for ARONS VALE, that JOHN LOGSDON was THE "Intelligent brother" referred to by General Washington.

It is to be noted that BEDFORD, presumed homestead or homesite of WILLIAM and HONOR LOGSDON after they sold the BROTHERLY LOVE tract, was in the present Carroll County, as was FANNEYS MEADOW and that both tracts bordered in part on GREAT PIPE CREEK or LITTLE PIPE CREEK.

The line of JOHN LOGSDON (of William and Honor) is rather definitely established in the Chancery Book - 138, page 414 and extending for some twenty pages. Briefly, this action in three different courts, was a petetion by the heirs of John Logsdon to eject from possession of FANNYS MEADOW, a JOHN LOGSDON who was the illegitimate son of PRUDENCE LOGSDON (of John or William). Although the scrivener who copied the record made quite a few errors in proper names, it is, in the main, the most reliable of all records found concerning the Logsdon family. The Chancery suit was to dispossess the illegitimate son, John Logsdon, and to sell the tract for the benefit of all the heirs. The following are the children of JOHN LOGSDON and MARGARET WOOLEY.

I. WILLIAM LOGSDON married HONOR.

II. JOHN LOGSDON married 10-9-1735. He was born 1716 (see deposition) and died intestate 1797.

1. RALPH LOGSDON b. p. 1735. Married MARY DURBIN (daughter of his father's sister, ANN LOGSDON DURBIN). He was a settler in Mt. Savage, Maryland, prior to 1787. In 1775, he was listed as an "Associator" in the Middle Dist. of Frederick County, Committee of Observation. The 1800 Census, Allegany County, Maryland, Willstown Dist. (Cumberland) list him and wife born prior to 1755 and in his household were two sons and four daughters. His will published at Cumberland 6/24/1818, names his wife MARY and children MARY, MARGARET, HONOR, NANCY, SARAH AND JEREMIAH, also nephews JOHN LOGSDON and SAMUEL DURBIN.

   A. Jeremiah Logsdon married John Blubaugh and they lived in Pennsylvania in 1828.

      a. Ralph Blubaugh m. Honora Logsdon of John and Patience.

   B. Rachel Logsdon married George Payne. Both died prior 1828, leaving:

      a. Mary Payne m. James Logue.
      b. John Payne d. p. 1828 leaving (see below)

      C. Susannah Payne d. p. 1828, married Thomas Porter, living in Ohio in 1828.

         Their children:
         1. Mary Porter
         2. George Porter
         3 Michael Porter
         4. Samuel Porter
         5. Thomas Porter

      Children of John Payne (see above)

      1. George Payne
      2. Rachael Payne
      3. Ralph Payne
      4. Jacob Payne

d. Rachel Payne m Elias Arnold in Ohio 1828

e. Sarah Payne m Samuel Durbin Alleg. County 1828

f. Ralph Payne m Winfred Porter in Ohio 1828

C. Mary Logsdon living in Allegany County, Maryland 1828. 1800 census, Millstown, Allegany County, Maryland, shows her with two girls under ten, living with her. Possibly, children of John, her brother.

D. Margaret Logsdon m George Sapp in Ohio 1828

E. Honor Logsdon m Daniel Logue, according to my reading of the photostatic copy of the Chancery Record. However, Hodges, in his "Marriage References", says she married Daniel Logsdon. A Daniel Logsdon was one of the founders of the first Catholic church in Knox County, Ohio and no other reference is found for him in Maryland or Kentucky. A great many of the Mt. Savage family made this migration to Knox County, and it is possible that Hodges is correct in his reading of the name.

F. Ann Logsdon m Johnny Arnold Allegany County, Md. 1828

G. Sarah Logsdon m Richard Carter Allegany County, Md. 1828

None of the foregoing answers the question of the two boys listed as sons of Ralph Logsdon in the 1800 census. They were certainly of sufficient age by 1800 to be alive, unless killed in accident. The same thing is true of Ralph Logsdon's brother, John Logsdon, who, in his will, leaves nothing to his children.

The writer has heard the story about the girls in one Logsdon family being raised in the Catholic faith, while the boys remained Protestants. Perhaps that is the case with both Ralph and John, and possibly they disinherited their boys. This is pure conjecture.

2. JOHN LOGSDON (of John of William) married MARY. He is listed, as was his brother Ralph, as an "Associator" on the Middle District, Frederick County, Maryland, Committee of Observation. The "Middle District" in those years before Carroll County was formed, included the region around Pipe Creeks. The 1800 Census shows him living in "Upper Oldtown" which is about thirteen miles below "Willstown" (Cumberland) on the Potomac. In the 1790 census, he is shown with wife and three boys under sixteen, and two girls. The 1800 census shows him and wife born prior to 1765 and in his household a girl 10-16, and a boy under 10. The will of John Logsdon, made in 1817 leaves $10.00 to the Church, and $10.10 to the Priest that buried me". and also names his wife Mary, but does not mention any child of his, but leaves his interest in Fanneys Meadow, to his nephews, John and Ralph of William, and in addition, makes bequests to his nephew William's two children, Joshua and Joseph. While it is possible he had no children, we feel that there must have been some reason why they were not mentioned in his will. Purely on conjuncture, and because they were otherwise unidentifiable, we suggest as his childres:

   A. Mary Logsdon died 4/17/1829 and buried in the Catholic Cemetary at Westminster, the land of which was given by her father John Logsdon, after 1776.

   B. Ann Logsdon m Allegany County 9/2/1795 Daniel Loge Ellinson.

   C. Bennett Logsdon m Allegany County 12/9/1796 Abigale Lewis. Their 1800 census, Upper Oldstown, Allegany County, shows Male 26-45: female 16-28; 2 girls under 10.

The foregoing would account for the girls and one boy, leaving one or two boys unidentified.

3. PRUDENCE LOGSDON (of John of William) Died unmarried. Her will dated 10/26/1813 and published 2/10/1814, leaves her entire estate to her illegitimate son, who was the defendant in the Chancery suit over FANNEYS MEADOW.

   A. John Logsdon (of Prudence)

4. MARGARET LOGSDON died prior to 1797. Married in 1792, a Lowe or Lane. married late in life and died sans progeny.

5. ROBERT LOGSDON died unmarried. His will made 5/15/1819 and published 5/17/1823, left a bedstead to his sister Honor, and balance to John Logsdon, son of Prudence.

6. WILLIAM LOGSDON born 1747 (see deposition) married MARGARET. He was a settler in Mt. Savage prior to 1787. He died 1810-1823. The 1800 census of Allegany County shows him and wife born prior to 1755 and a household of four boys; one 16-26; one 10-16; and two under 10. The Chancery record indicates three children as - -

A. JOHN LOGSDON (1771-1831) married 11/11/1798 PATIENCE ARNOLD. 1800 Census Millstown, M and F 26-45; 3girls under10. 1810 census Somerset County, Pennsylvania, Southampton Township. M and F 26-45; two boys under 5; girl 10-16; 2 girls under 10. They were the parents of fifteen children. See following for children.

C. MARY LOGSDON married 11/5/1796 THOMAS PORTER

a. Winfred Porter m Ralph Payne (of Rachel Logsdon of Ralph of John of William) In Ohio 1828.

b. Nancy Porter In Ohio 1828

c. John Porter In Allegany County Maryland 1828

D. WILLIAM LOGSDON married 6/22/1797 SUSANNA WILLIAMS, Allegany County

a. Joshus Logsdon born after 1803

b. Margaret Logsdon m John McKinsey

c. Joseph Logsdon m 1842 Margaret A. White

E. MARGARET LOGSDON married Henry Porter

a. John Porter

b. David Porter

c. Nancy Porter

d. Henry Porter - all living in Allegany County 1828.

F. WINFRIED LOGSDON (perhaps Warfield) married Thomas White and living in Ohio in 1828.

G. DAVID LOGSDON b. 1795. Married 11/16/1817 Nancy Mattingly. They lived in Ohio 1850-1871. He was Pensioner of War of 1812 (SC-2945) 62 days service August - October 1814. Col. Steiner Regt. , Capt. Conners 1st Maryland Militia. Drafted at Cumberland and marched to Washington when the Capitol was burned by the English. Nancy died 9/15/1869. He was living 1871 Middlebury Township, Knox County, Ohio. We are not certain that he is correctly placed as a son of WILLIAM LOGSDON, born 1747.

7. HONOR LOGSDON married 1792 Joseph Ellis

8. EDWARD LOGSDON (1752-1834) married Honora Hayden. Edward Logsdon of (of John of William) born 1752 and died 1834. He was born , according to his Pension application near Westminister, Maryland, 8/15/1752 and he further states he lived first in Frederick County and then in Allegany County. We presume his birthplace to be FANNEY'S MEADOW where his father, JOHN LOGSDON, moved in 1750. He states he has lived in these two counties all his life. The 1800 Census Allegany County, Willstown (Cumberland) District, showx him and his wife born prior to 1755 and with a boy under 10 and a girl 10-16 in his household. We are not sure that Edward is a son of John Logsdon of William. The Chancery suits name him as Plaintiff, but lists "Eleanor" as a child of Johns. The other apparent errors in the transcript of the suit makes the writer feel, that the true name is Edward. The 1810 Census Southampton Township, Somerset County, Pa. just above Penn. line north of Mt. Savage, lists in 1810 an Edward which shows only a male over 45 and a boy 16-26, which may be the same one, indicating the death of his wife 1800-1810. This line is a difficult one to trace or to follow and is put together by inference, rather than from any documented evidence. Edward says in his pension application that he is neighbor to JOHN MATTINGLY. A younger Edward, in the next generation married a JANE MATTINGLY, he being born in 1792, thus fitting into the following references.

A letter to Mrs. DeVault from Miss Cecelia Logsdon in Kansas City, Missouri in 1939 states:

"Our father, SIMEON LOGSDON, is from a line of EDWARDS as far back as we can trace. Our grandfather and great grandfather were both EDWARDS. Grandfather was born 6/25/1792. . . . Great-grandfather was born 1753-55 as near as we can figure. He fought in the Revolutionary War and received a pension. Old EDWARD LOGSDON was an only son and he married Honora Hayden and after 17 years they produced an only son EDWARD LOGSDON, who is our grandfather and married JANE MATTINGLY. They were the parents of our father, SIMEON LOGSDON, and Uncle Joe - - JOSEPH LOGSDON . . . JANE MATTINGLY was the sister of MARY (Nancy) MATTINGLY who married DAVID LOGSDON, brother of William Logsdon."

- - - - Putting the attested facts together, we get the following- - - -

I. EDWARD LOGSDON (1752-1834) married HONORA HAYDEN about 1775.

A. EDWARD LOGSDON born 6/25/1792 married JANE MATTINGLY

1. Joseph Logsdon
2. Simeon Logsdon b. 8/2/1823 married Ann M. Obrien

a. Daniel Logsdon b. 10/23/1847
b. Bernard Logsdon b. 1/28/1849 m Joan Casey

A. Charles Logsdon
B. Mary Logsdon
C. Bernice Logsdon
D. Mayde Logsdon
E. Frances Edna Logsdon

c. Susan Jane Logsdon b. 1/9/1851

d. Mary E. Logsdon b. 11/28/1851
e. Genevieve Anne Logsdon b. 8/15/1853
f. Eleanor Rebecca Logsdon b. 9/25/1855
g. Margaret Ann Logsdon b. 5/15/1857
h. Joseph H. Logsdon b. 2/10/1859
i. Frances C. V. Logsdon b. 6/14/1862 m. James Elliott

A. Baxter Elliott
B. Geneive Elliott
C. Evangeline Elliott
D. Bernadine Elliott

j. Cecilia Logsdon (narrator) born 5/31/1864
k. Louise Logsdon b. 6/22/1866

he connection of the Edward Logsdon family and the Hayden families is strengthened y the fact that Basil Hayden witnessed the will of Prudence Logsdon sister of dward Logsdon, who married Honora Hayden.

Turning to the children of William Logsdon (John - 2; William - 1) we have een greatly aided in this line by Mrs. McCarty of Baltimore and David and Teresa ralier of Mt. Savage. Maryland, and also Mr. Edward Logsdon of Mt. Savage.

I. WILLIAM LOGSDON married HONOR (a) (O'FLYNN)
II. JOHN LOGSDON married MARGARET WOOLEY
III. WILLIAM LOGSDON married 1st Arnold; married 2nd Margaret Logue
IV. JOHN LOGSDON (1771-1851) married 11/11/1798 FLORENCE ARNOLD
(this line given by Mrs. Kate Baer, Marion Ohio)

1. Mary Logsdon m Petet Baer of Herman Baer
   A. Herman Baer
2. Honora Logsdon m Ralph Blubaugh (Jeremiah Logsdon - 4; Ralph Logsdon-3; John Logsdon -2; William Logsdon -1.
3. Margaret Logsdon b. 1/11/1804, married 1-John A. Durbin (of Elijah Durbin, of William, of Samuel and Ann.) Removed to Ohio 1844 and had 11 children.
4. Elias Logsdon m Nancy Plucker
   A. George Logsdon
   B. Charles Logsdon
   C. Frank Logsdon et. al.

5. Ralph Logsdon married Sarah Jane Logsdon (nee Buckland)

6. Joseph Logsdon married Mary Dean. Soldier Civil War and died in railroad accident enroute home from war.
   A. Emhemia Logsdon
   B. Ignatius Logsdon
   C. John Logsdon
   D. Elizabeth Logsdon m Thomas Bell

7. David Logsdon (1810)- _____ m Rebecca Uhl
applied for pension for service in Indian War from Putnam County, Ind. Claim rejected No. 35510.

8. John Logsdon (1809-1887) married Eliza Hardy. Rom. Knox County, Ohio.

A.	James W. Logsdon	b.	1832	Knox	County,	Ohio
B.	L. B. Logsdon	"	1834	"	"	"
C.	Savilla Logsdon	"	1836	"	"	"
D.	George Logsdon	"	1839	"	"	"
E.	Amanda Logsdon	"	1841	"	"	"
F.	Mathew W. Logsdon	"	1850	"	"	"
G.	Ida Logsdon	"	1854	"	"	"
H.	T. P. Logsdon	"	1857	"	"	"

9. Theresa Logsdon married Joshua Lilly. (Line on file ECw)

10. William Logsdon, died unmarried
11. Ann Logsdon, died unmarried
12. Patience Logsdon, died unmarried
13. George Logsdon 8/24/1829 Somerset County, Pennsylvania died 4/19/k899, married at Mt. Savage, Maryland, 1843, Mary Lancaster (1822-10/18/1904) They removed to Zanesville, Ohio in 1853, where both died.

A. Martha Ann Logsdon (7/24/1844 - 6/27/1932) married 2/17/1870 Benjamin R. Shipley. (1835-1916)
   a. Agatha Shipley (12/5/1870*-) m. 8/7/1899 Frank P. McCarthy Mrs. McCarthy furnished this line. Living at 636 Cokesbury Road, Baltimore, Maryland in 1944.
   b. George Shipley (1872-) m. 1900 Frances McGuire
   c. Joseph Ignatius Shipley (1874-) m. Mary Catherine Miller
   d. John William Shipley (1876-1939) died unmarried.
   e. Rose Ellen Shipley (1878-1902) m. Anthony Pessagno
   f. Benjamin Francis Shipley (1882-1935) m. Annette B. Hopperberger
   g. Edward Columbia Shipley (1844-) m. Mary Frances Riley
   h. Mary Martha Shipley (1886-) m. William Taylor Mitchell

B. George Logsdon b. 1846 d. infancy. Buried Mt. Savage Catholic Cem.

C. Mary Ellen Logsdon (5/5/1848-2/24/1936) m 2/16/1873 David Wilkinson (1842-1914)
   a. Mary Frances Wilkinson m. James Caw 2sons, 1 daughter
   b. George Ulysus Wilkinson m. 1906 Hester McCann, son and dau.

D. Honorah Logsdon (7/28/1850-1/7/1937) m. 1873 Joshua Shipley (1839-1917) m. brother of Benjamin, Civil War Veteran.
   a. Annie Mary Shipley b. 1873 m. Francis McKenna
   b. James F. Shipley (1875-1892)
   c. Eugene C. Shipley (1877-) m. Mary Agnes Lynch
   d. Elizabeth E. Shipley (1882-) m. James F. Attry
   e. Frederick L. Shipley (1879-) unmarried
   f. Genevive C. Shipley (1888-) unmarried

E. Catherine Frances Logsdon (4/18/1852-5/20/1894) died unmarried

F. Elias Columbia Logsdon, M.D. (1/14/1854-4/3/1925) m. 5/8/1883 Emma C. Carney (1861-). Graduate Ohio Univ. 1883. Physician in Zanesville, Ohio.
   a. George Logsdon (1844-) twin
   b. Annie Logsdon (1884-1884) twin
   c. Muriel Leonidas Logsdon (1885-1911) m. 1907, Emma Fabry
   d. Ralph Elias Logsdon (1887-1942) m. 1915, Ruth Mitchell. 2 sons, 1 daughter

G. James C. Logsdon (1857-1859)

14. Cecelia Logsdon (9/2/1828-3/27/1903) married 1 1848 Augustine Brailer (1822-1898)

A.	Polcarp Brailer	1848-1927	
B.	John Brailer	1853-1876	
C.	Henry Brailer	1852-1883	
D.	George Brailer	1854-	m. 1879 Emma Cecelia Durbin
E.	Martha Brailer	1857-1912	m. Joseph Miller
F.	Lawrence Brailer	1859-	died unmarried
G.	Thomas Brailer	1861-1894	m. Mary Miller
H.	Alphonsus Brailer	1862-	
I.	Augustine Brailer	1862-	m. Mary Ann Pendleberrie
J.	Jerome Brailer	1866-1901	
K.	Teresa Brailer	1868-	Collaborator. Living Mt. Savage, Md.
L.	David Brailer	1871-	
M.	Rose Brailer	1874-	

N. Son died in infancy
O. Daughter died infancy

15. Child died infancy.

This closes the line of John and Patience Logsdon, who begat fifteen children, whose listing above is not in accordance with birth dates. They lived at Willstown (Ft. Cumberland) until 1810-1820 when they removed just north about fifteen miles to the valley between the Savage and Little Allegany Mountains in Southampton township of Somerset County, Pennsylvania.

I. William Logsdon married Honor (a) O'Flynn
II. John Logsdon married Margaret Wooley
III. William Logsdon m. 1st Arnold, m. 2nd Margaret Logue
IV. RALPH LOGSDON (1772-3/23/1839) married 10/31/1795 MARGARET ARNOLD (1778-3/24/1839) Both buried St. Patrick's Cemetary, Mt. Savage, Maryland.

1. Winifred Logsdon (1797-1863) married 1819 Mt. Savage, to Nathn. Magers
   A. Ambrose Magers born 1820
   B. Lawrence Magers
   C. Benedict Magers
   D. Raphael Magers
   E. Nathan Magers
   F. John Magers
   G. William Magers died infancy
   H. Francis Magers (1838-1915) m. 1864 Mary Metzger, (1844-1934)
      a. Mary Frances Metzger Magers (1868-) married W. A. DeVault, now living Kendallville, Indiana. -Collaborator.

2. Daughter born 1798-1799 (See 1810 cencus)

3. William Logsdon (1801-2/12/1891) married Elizabeth Magers (1801-1880) sister of Nathan Magers, who married Winifred. William married 2nd Mary A. Miller.

   A. Leonidas Logsdon (1826-1888) m. Ann Hogan
      a. Albert Logsdon m. Nora Price. She and three children perished in a fire 1922. (Agnes, John and Raymond)
      - 4. Anastasia Logsdon
      5. James Logsdon
      6. Leonidas Logsdon

   B. Lavinia Logsdon (1828-) married Elias Arnold
   C. Catherine Logsdon (1830-) married John Hardin
   D. Frank Logsdon (1832-1917) twin. Lived in Missouri
   E. Ambrose Logsdon (1832-1900) twin. Lived in Missouri and Ohio
   F. James Logsdon (1834-1900) Lived Redlands California
      a. Nettie Logsdon m. Wall
      b. Marion Logsdon m. Ray
      c. Ida Logsdon m. Tusticon

   G. Peter Logsdon 1836-1920 married Ellen Brennan
   H. Mary Ursula Logsdon 9/9/1838 Cumberland 1923 married James Lancaster
      a. Daughter died at birth
      b. Elizabeth Ann Lancasterm 1867 William B. Phillips
      c. George W. Lancaster m. Susan D. McKenzie
      d. William Lancaster m 1898 Archie Winter, m. 2nd 1917 John W. Brannon- Collaborator- Belle Vernon, Pennsylvania

   I. Henry T. Logsdon 1841-1923 m. Sarah Smiling
   Henry born 1/7/1841
      a. Benedict Logsdon b. 8/17/1876
      b. Henry T. Logsdon b. 8/11/1877
      c. Agnes Logsdon b. 11/9/1874
      d. Edward Logsdon b. 3/2/1880

   J. William Logsdon 6/22/1842-1918 m. Cumberland 8/24/1868
   Martha A. Haller

a. Mary E. Logsdon b. 11/20/1864
b. Emma C. Logsdon b. 6/20/1872
c. William Logsdon b. 12/10/1875
d. Nora Logsdon b. 5/28/1880

Dates marriages, births, etc. of Henry T. (I), and William (J) are from Catholic Church records Cumberland, Maryland.

K. Martha Logsdon born 12/16/1843

L. John Logsdon 1845-1910 m. 1868 Mt. Savage, Ann Carlin

a. Mary C. Logsdon 1872-1941 Narrator of Line.
b. Francis Logsdon 1873-1896
c. John Logsdon 1875- twin
d. Edward Logsdon 1875- " married 1905, Agnes Noonan
1. Leonadine Logsdon
2. Edward Wilbert Logsdon m. 1940 Adelaide E. Keyes
e. Robert Logsdon 1878-1889
f. Alphonsus Logsdon 1881-1881
g. Lewis Logsdon 1885-1885
h. Richard Logsdn 1887-

M. Elizabeth Logsdon born 1847, died infancy

N. Masheck B. Logsdon 1849-1928 m. 1869 Mary A. Spellman
a. Margaret E. Logsdon
b. Eugene T. Logsdon
c. Ormand J. Logsdon m. 1904 Sarah Lehman
1. Bernard Logsdon
d. Mashock Logsdon 4/21/1800

4. Simeon Logsdon -no data

5 Bennett Logsdon - no data

End of line of Ralph Logsdon and Margaret Arnold.

WILLIAM LOGSDON was born prior to 1711 and married ANN DAVIS

1742 Made purchase of CONOVERS DELIGHT (Annapolis LC-L p. 264) while this purchase might well have been made by his son William, inasmuch as it was sold in 1767 by William and Ann, we incline toward the elder William. The tract was in Baltimore County and was a Patent, just over the present Carroll County line and about eight miles southeast of Westminster.

1758 William and wife Ann, of Baltimore County sell tract on Hunting Ridge, called Nancys Fancy and was orginally granted to Henry Davis, calling for 100 acres. The deed releases Ann, late wife of Henry Davis, also William Logsdon and wife Ann. Deed states that Ann Logsdon was the daughter of Henry Davis (DG-237).

1767 William and wife Ann sell, both of Baltimore County for 120 CONOVERS DELIGHT situated "on a small branch of Beaver Dam, descending into the west side of the Northwest Fork of Potapsco Falls. (BQ-88)

1770 William Logsdon was witness to will of Ann Durbin, presumably his sister. Frederick County WB-38, page 134.

Of the marriage of WILLIAM LOGSDON and ANN DAVIS, we have record of but one child - baptised St. Paul's Church, Baltimore, Maryland.

1. COMFORT LOGSDON born 2/27/1731

We feel that he also had a son, William, as in 1775, there is listed in the Frederick County Committee of Observation, a -

2. WILLIAM LOGSDON, JR.

The son of John Logsdon (brother of William who married Ann) named William, was too young to have a son on the committee. We believe this William to be the William Logsdon who was granted Military Lots west of Cumberland and surveyed by Deakin in 1788, and probably the same William Logsdon who took the oath of allegiance at Baltimore 1779.

We also place speculatively another son who headed one of the Kentucky branches of the Logsdon family.

3. Elisha Logsdon born prior to 1765, and who presumably married REBECCA HOWARD in Baltimore. See Kentucky Logsdons. He was also, as in the case of William Jr. awarded a Military lot west of Ft. Cumberland.

On speculation, again, we place a fourth child as

4. LAWRENCE LOGSDON born prior to 1745. He left quite a record behind him.

1767 "Farmer" of Frederick County buys 22 acres GRAVELLY LAND from George Shipley. (Frederick County K-1134)

1775 Listed as Member Frederick County Committee of Observation.

1776 Buys 100 acres PEACE BRANDY FOREST, west of Potapsco Falls, (near Westminster) Baltimore County, WG-C; p. 4

1779 Took Oath of Allegiance, Baltimore (Balto. Min. Court 317)

1789 "of Baltimore County" settles boundary dispute with tract FRIENDSHIP COMPLETED (WG - DD p. 441)

1789 Buys tract adjoining PEACH BRANDY FOREST, Wss WILLIAM DURBIN. (WGT DD p. 652)

1790 Census 2nd Delaware Hundred, Baltimore County, 1 male over 16, male under 16, 6 females.

1790 Sells to Benjamin Durbin of Frederick County, tract GRAVELLAND, ON THE side of hill, descending into Potapsco Falls. Lawrence Logsdon called "of Balto. Co." and Benjamin Durbin "of Frederick Co." Lawrence's wife Ann, releases dower. WR-2; 561.

1790 Buys APPLE BRANDY FOREST 106 acres in Baltimore County, now Carroll(IC-F) 34

1794 Buys DENMARK bounded on FRIENDSHIP COMPLETED 100 acres. WG-NN; 344.

1796 Sells 85 acres of DENMARK (possibly completing his own tract PEACE BRANDY FOREST). Ann releases her dower rights. WG -WW; 36

1797 Buys tract SANE NEGLECT

1800 Buys tract LITTLE CHANCE 114 acres. Cort. 897

The foregoing reference numbers are Baltimore County Index numbers with exception of the second "1790 paragraph" which mentions reference WR-9; 561, it being a Frederick County reference.

1800 Census Allegany County, shows a WILLIAM LOGSDON of LAWRENCE, born 1755-1774. He is listed with a son born 1774-1784. Hence LAWRENCE LOGSDON must have been born prior to 1735.

1842 WILLIAM LOGSDON of LAWRENCE buys tract SWEET HILL AS recorded Annapolis GGB-6 page 170.

1803 LAWRENCE LOGSDON and wife ANN sell to JAMES LOGSDON a tract in Baltimore County.

From the foregoing material, we assume that-

1. WILLIAM LOGSDON married ANN DAVIS, dau. of Henry Davis prior 1730. they had-
   1 COMFORT LOGSDON born Baltimore 2/27/1731
   2 WILLIAM LOGSDON by conjecture
   3 LAWRENCE LOGSDON who married ANN b. pr. 1753
      .. WILLIAM LOGSDON born 1755-1774
         a. Son born 1774-1784

In Maryland Gen. Bull. Vol. 4, P. 17, there is listed as Members of the Washington County, Maryland Militia in August 1776:

William Logsdon
Joseph Logsdon

Washington County was formed from Frederidk in 1776. We suggest that the William and Joseph listed might be the sons of William and Ann.

EDWARD LOGSDON, son of William Logsdon and wife Honor, He was one of the three brothers selling the tract BROTHERLY LOVE, along with their mother Honor in 1742. According to this deed, Sarah was his wife, and released her dower rights.

In 1746, Edward Logsdon witnessed the will of Douglas Macgua in Baltimore County, thus making him born prior to 1725.

Edward Logsdon was possibly the Edward who was a Pvt. in Capt. Thomas Morris' Company in Frederick County in about 1775, along with John and Thomas Jr., It is possible that the Edward was a Junior and not the Edward under discussion.

About this same date, in 1775, EDWARD LOGSDON was a member of the Committee of Observation in Frederick County.

We cannot definitely place any children of EDWARD LOGSDON and wife SARAH and while there is an Edward Logsdon listed in the 1800 Census of Allegany County born prior to 1775, we believe him to be the pensioner, son of John Logsdon of William and Honor.

The name Edward does not follow through in the Logsdon family to the extend that other given names do. There are listed in 1810 and 1820 Census of Madison County, Kentucky:

EDWARD LOGSDON and wife born prior 1765

EDWARD LOGSDON Jr., and wife born 1765-1785

From the children listed, it would appear that the elder of the two was not over 50, and the younger born 1775-1785.

There also appears an odd item in the St. John's Piscattaway Church records.in Prince George County, Maryland.

"ALPHONSUS LOGSDON born 8/27/1775 to EDWARD AND SUSANNAH LOGSDON".

Frederick County was formed in 1748 from Prince Georges County.

It is possible that the Prince Georges County Edward and the Edward born circa 1750 in Madison County, Kentucky Census are the same.

THOMAS LOGSDON is placed as a son of William and Honor Logsdon due to collateral facts that strongly indicate the parentage - - - -

(1) Witnessed a will, Baltimore County, 1735, placing the birth prior to 1715 and thus placing in the right age group.

(2) He bought from John Wooley, presumed father ofMargaret, who married his brother John, and for whom John acted as Administrator.

(3) Witnessed the will of Samuel Durbin, who is presumed to be the husband of his sister Ann.

1735 Witnessed will Richard Jones, Baltimore Wills, Vol. 21:767

1737 Buys 100 acres Wooleys Range from John Wooley in Baltimore County. HW8-La: 15.

1743 Buys MOLLY'S INDUSTRY on south side Great Falls of Gunpowder River, near Carroll Dounty. LGE: 148.

1747 Sells MOLLY'S INDUSTRY E: 462.

1750 Sells WOOLEYS RANGE, wife Mary r. d. TR-D: 426

Those transactions complete the Baltimore County records and he presumably moved westward to Frederick County, formed 1748 or name of County changed.

1752 Witnessed will Samuel Durbin will-book 28: p. 400

1758 Buys 230 acres GOODFELLOW Frederick County E:39

1758 Member All Saints Church, Frederick County.

1759 Listed Frederidk County Debt Book, page 105.

1765 Sells 22 acres from Goodfellow identified as being next to FATHER'S CARE owned by William Durbin J-1301.

1765 Sells 22 acres from GOODFELLOW K-324

1771 Rectifies K-49 in which he sells 10 acres of GOODFELLOW and wife MARY releases dower rights. O-684.

At this point Frederick County deeds stop, with Thomas still holding 200 acres of GOODFELLOW. Washington County was formed in 1776 from Frederick and it is possible a further search of Washington County records may reveal further transactions.

1790 Census Baltimore County shows THOMAS LOGSDON with a male and female and one slave living alone. While it is entirely possible that this Thomas Logsdon might be the son of William 2nd, or Edward, we are presuming it is the Thomas of William and Honor. The name Thomas was not used in any of the other brothers' families and we feel that it is the original Thomas of William and Honor.

We now turn to the children of Thomas Logsdon and his wife, Mary, and fine one of the most complex and baffling lines in the whole Logsdon Clan. We are sure of but one child of Thomas Logsdon, Senior, and he is Junior. In the Colonial Master, d Payrolls, page 176, is listed the payroll of Captain Norris' Company, which was presumably from Frederick County about 1767, and they list:

THOMAS LOGSDON JUNIOR

and the Md. Hist. Mag. Vol. 9, page 350, says this was for the service in the French and Indian Wars. This would indicate that his father, Thomas Senior, was in the vicinity, as from the deeds he apparantly was. If Thomas Sr. was born about 1715, he probably married about 1735 or earlier and a son would be old enough to serve with the Troops in 1767.

The very perplexing part of the Thomas line, is picked up in a reference to Washington's Diary covering his trip back to Virginia from Washington County, Pennsylvania, where he went to oust the "squatters" from his property given him by Gov. Dinwiddie of Virgina, for his aid against the French. This return trip was in September 1784, and Washington was considering which route to take from the Pennsylvania-Virginia line, and he wrote of one route and contemplated another way on September 24, 1784, as follows:

"to one JOSEPH LOGSDONS on the North Branch of the Potomac River."

September 25, 1784. "Resolved to go the other way, along the New Road to Sandy Creek (Big Sandy) and hence by McCullough's path to LOGSDONS. Accordingly, I set forth at sunrise .....I descended into RYANS GLADE hence by THOMAS LOGSDONS, father of Joe....from young LOGSDONS, who by his own account knows every hill and rivulet between North Branch and Dunkers Bottoms and makes hunting his chief employment...at MISTER LOGSDONS, I met an intelligent brother of his, who informed me that some years ago he traveled, etc...."

September 26, 1784. "I left MISTER LOGSDONS at daybreak and at about four miles crossed the Stoney River-----my guide, JOE LOGSDON."

(An interesting note is inserted here wherin the Logsdons rub shoulders with two illustrious Americans - -George Washington, on his trip with Joe Logsdon, passed by the house, in Doll's Gap, of Nancy Hanks, who was to become the mother of Abraham Lincoln. Later on, in the 1810 census of Hardin County, Kentucky, Thomas Logsdon and Abraham Lincoln are listed on the same page.)

The Logsdons referred to, are in part, easily fixed. JOSEPH LOGSDON is the son of THOMAS LOGSDON. The placing of Thomas Logsdon is difficult. We know from data given hereafter that there was a great exodus of the Logsdon family from the North Branch of the Potomac River at about 1790, some going a few years earlier. We find them all in Kentucky by 1800, that is, those North Branch families.

Who was the THOMAS LOGSDON who was host to Gen. Washington? Was he the Thomas Jr. who was a private in the French and Indian Wars at Frederick in 1767. and the son of Thomas and Mary? Or did Thomas Sr. go on and settle in present Garrett County on the North Branch and live there in 1784? If he did, did he return to Baltimore County and be there in 1790, as the Census leads us to believe? His age, in 1784, was approximately 70 years. Gen. Washington uses a term of respect in his "Mister", possibly due to his advanced years. He would not certainly make the arduous trip to Kentucky about 1790 at 75 years, with an idea of again pioneering frontiers. The one factor in favor of it being Thomas Sr. was the General's report that he talked to "an intelligent brother" whom we have placed

as John Logsdon the surveyor. However, this is no better than a shot in the dark as Thomas Jr. could have intelligent brothers equally well. However, shington's whole record of his stay seems to have the feeling of older people. r the present, we will have to either say that Washington visited Thomas Sr, or unior, until further facts are developed. In other words, there may be, or not be, two generations of Thomases involved.

It is interesting to note that the residence of this Thomas Logsdon is in MYERS GLADE that was surveyed by JOHN LOGSDON when he was surveying ARNOS VALE as noted on page 10 herein.

The "intelligent brother" seems to be the stumbling block in the picture of Thomas Logsdon's children.

Mr. William G. Logsdon (John-5: Joseph-4: William-3: John-2: William-1) of XChicago, relates an amusing anecdote of Joseph Logsdon who was a Cousin of his great-grandfather William Logsdon, who lived near Ft. Cumberland. Joseph adds another name to his galaxy by being referred to as "Fighting Joe" Logsdon in this story. Joseph was the son of Thomas, who was brother to John, the father of William - - hence the correct use of the term "Cousin". This term of relationship is perhaps the most overworked word in family history, but in this case is in fact - - cousin.

It is to be remembered that the incident took place before the 1790 exodus of the Logsdon Clan to Kentucky, and before the death of John Logsdon, who died in 1797, and who still lived at FARNEYS MEADOW in Westminster, about a hundred miles from Ft. Cumberland. Mr. Logsdon relates - - - - -

"On one of William Logsdon's trips to Westminster, his cousin, 'Fighting Joe' Logsdon, accompanied him. William was a quiet, peace loving man. Starting from Mt. Savage on that trip, William said - -

"Now Joe, I want you to promise me that you will have no trouble with anyone while we are on this trip together."

Joe sealed the promise with a handshake and replied: "all right, Mate," for he always called him "Mate", I promise."

Both were on horseback, and at some distance along on the journey, a burley German overtook them, riding in the same direction. Joe inquired of him - -

"How far to Westminster?" to which the arrogant German snarled - -

"Six Pence."

Joe thinking the German had not understood him yelled: "I say, how far to Westminster?"

The surly German turned and said - - "Six pence, ___ damn you."

Joe turned to William and said, "If it were not for that promise I gave you Mate, I'd give him a "six pence".

Upon their arrival at Westminster, William went about his business and Joe took himself to the nearest Tavern for a drink, and the first one he saw as he went in was the big German and Joe went straight up to him and said: "Are you the man who said to me, "Six pence, ___ damn you". and the German, still truculent, replied:

"Yes, and I'll say it again." and tried to hit Joe. Joe landed a "haymaker" that knocked the German about twenty feet. Joe stood by while onlookers revived him. On regaining his consciousness he said, "Act, mine head" and got out the dose as soon as possible."

Mr. Logsdon further relates that after Joe Logsdon went to Kentucky that he was preparing to slaughter a beef, when one of the local bullies came by and wanted Joe to accomodate him with a fight. Joe was willing, but asked a moments delay while he knocked the beef, which he felled with a blow of his fist. His erstwhile opponent was last seen, "running like a deer".

In Allen's History of Kentucky, page 384, the following story of Joseph Logsdon is recorded - -

"JOSEPH LOGSDON was the first person ever tried for high crime in Green County (1792 from Lincoln & Nelson Counties). The Court before which he was tried thought him guilty and sent him to the Court of Oyer and Terminer, which was held in Lexington, for final trial. I think on final trial, he was acquitted and immediately left for the Territory north of the Ohio River.

JOE LOGSDON came to Green County at a very early period from near the source of the North Branch of the Potomac River and resided for some years in the family of Andrew Barnett, another individual of great notoriety.

Collins in his History of Kentucky gives the particulars of a fight said to have occured in Green County, as a very early period, between BIG JOE LOGSDON and an Indian.

(Note: Collins on page 296, only quotes the story by Felix Renick in The American Pioneer, published in Chillicothe, Ohio, in 1842. ECw)

The recontre related is one of the most desperate ever seen or read of, and possibly did occur on the frontiers of Illinois. I have it on the best authority, that the fight alluded to did not occur in Green County and that LOGSDON never returned to Green County after he had been taken to Lexington for trial."

(Note: By referring to the American Pioneer article it is seen that Renick did not state that the fight took place in Green County and that the only location mentioned in the three page "anecdote" is that Joe Logsdon settled south of the Green River and PERHAPS on Little Barren Creek and this flows in part in Green County. ECw)

It would be interesting to have the trial records, both in Green County and also the Lexington trial. Those might possibly throw some light on the family of Joe Logsdon.

In the course of Investigation covering the trial of JOSEPH LOGSDON for "high crime", we received from the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Green County, a copy of the records of the trial, as follows:

"11/21/1794. Court called and held for the examination of JOSEPH LOGSDON for felony. The said JOSEPH LOGSDON who stands committed to jail accused of stealing a horse, the property of William Vaunce, was brought into Court, and pleaded not guilty. Sundry witnesses were sworn and examined and the prisoner heard in his defense. It is the opinion of the Court he is not guilty of said offense and..... he is discharged."

Apparently Joseph Logadon was again tried for the same crime about four months later. The court record states - -

"3/20/1795. A Court called and held for the examination of Joseph Logsdon for felony. The said JOSEPH LOGSDON who stands committed to jail for feloniously stealing a mare, the property of ANDREW BARNETT, was brought to the bar and releas d not guilty. whereupon sundry witnesses were sworn and examined and the prisoner heard in his defense. Whereupon it is the opinion of this Court that he is guilty of the charge and that he be sent to the Court of OYER and TERMINER to be held on the fourth Monday in April next in Lexington and the prisioner is remanded in Prison."

"3/20/1795. A Court called and held for the examination of JOSEPH LOGSDON who stands committed to jail for feloniously stealing a mare, the property of NATHANIEL OWENS, was brought to the Bar but for reasons appearing to the Court, they are unwilling to prosecute said JOSEPH LOGSDON ..... and he is dismissed. The Attorney for the prisioner objects to Nathaniel's prosecution being entered, because the charge relates to another felony committed about the same time and to be approved by the same witnesses. Because it is more improbable that the prisioner should feloniously have stolen two mares than one, and because the investigation of the second charge would tend to elucidate the probability or improbability of the whole testimony. It is ordered JOSEPH LOGSDON pay James Stephenson for two days attendance as witness and traveling sixty miles."

"5/13/1795. Ordered that the execution JOSEPH LOGSDON vs. Nathaniel Owens and Will Barnett be squashed."

"3/8/1796. Ordered that JOSEPH LOGSDON vs. BARBER and others dismissed by order of the Plaintiff.

The foregoing constitutes all the records in Green County, however the Clerk of the Court says - - -

"Robert Cloyd was tried 11/25/1794 for being an accessory fo the feloniously stealing of a horse by JOSEPH LOGSDON and that he was sent to the Court of Oyer and Terminer for Trial. There are orders showing that Cloyd was carried t to Lexington on a horse guarded by two men, but there is no order showing that Logsdon was ever carried to Lexington."

The Clerk of the Circuit Court in Lexington, Fayette County says - - - - -

"The first Court in Fayette County was held 5/17/1796 and a search of the records through 1811 finds no record of JOSEPH LOGSDON. His uncommon size and strengh and inclination to be entirely free from restraint made him choose his residence a little outside the bounds of law and civil liberties. I do not know the precise time he left the Alleghanies but believe it was between the years 1787 and 1791. The next we hear of Joe, he was settled in Kentucky. I think South of the Green River and on the Little Barren River, and of course a little in advance of the settlements ..... (Here follows a long story of the fight with two Indians and related and embellished a great deal more than the account by Marshall).... some years after the above took place, peace with the Indians was restored. That frontier, like many others, became infected with gangs of outlaws------to counteract which a Company of Regulators was raised- -in a contest between these and the depredators this Joe LOGSDON was killed and he lost a life that could not be highly esteemed in Civil Society....

Although not a part of the original Welch Manuscript, I enclose the following statement by Mr. Roy A. Conn- noted Historian and lifetime resident of Hart County, Kentucky.

I Roy A. Conn, the undersigned wishes to state that about twenty-five years ago he was at the home of Mr. Edward Pottenger who lived about one mile Northeast of Aetna Furnace, Hart County, at which time Mr. Pottenger told him the story of Big Joe Logsdon's fight and the killing of two Indians, very much in the details as told in Collins History of Kentucky. He said it was told to him by his Mother, and that she showed him the graves of the Indians, which was pointed out to the writer by Mr. Pottenger.

Reverend William Jewell, Munfordville, Ky., says that his Father told him about the same, and that his fathers lands adjoins the Edward Pottenger farm.

We also know that Andrew Barrett lived in Green Co., Ky., We have heard a story of Andrew Barnett, that he was sold at the Court House in Greensburg for his debts, and that a woman bought him for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, and that later they were married and Andrew Barnett became a wealthy planter of Green County. His one desire was to be the owner of One Hundred Slaves, but each time he acquired that number, something would happen to some of them.

The location of the fight and graves, was on the lands of the Pottenger family, owned today by Joe, a son of Edward Pottenger. The first site of Mt. Zion Baptist Church is the location. Mt. Zion Church today is on the third location, t Nigerdie, Hart County. The graves are about three hundred feet up the hill above some of the foundation stones of the church, just south of LynCamp Creek.

...WITHOUT SUCH MEN, HOWEVER, THE COUNTY could not have been cleared of its natural rudeness so as to admit the more brilliant and ornamental exercise of the arts, sciences and civilizations."

The locale of Joe Logsdon's above noted home was in present Green County.

In an effort to get at the bottom of this oft repeated story and Joe Logsdon's actual feat, we ran across the same story in an old Kentucky History by H. Marshall, published in Frankfort, Kentucky, in 1824 and the first, we believe to publish this tale. In Vol. II, page 134, he writes:

"An adventure of some singularity occured in February of 1792. A man in the Green River Settlement by the name of JOSEPH LOGSDON traveling on horseback was fired on by two Indians and both himself and horse wounded. The assailants at a small distance, moved rapidly toward him, while he, to escape them, dismounted on the opposite side of his horse, not able to carry him out of danger. While he, not much injured attempted to get off by running, but the Indians whose guns were now empty, pursued him with knives and tomahawks. One of them being swifter of feet than the other was all but ready to lay hands on him.when LOGSDON turned on him and shot him in the abdomen. That stopped him, but by this time the other came at him. LOGSDON then clubbed his empty gun and gave the Indian a blow which occasioned him to retreat and who in his turn was pursued. In running through the bush and weeds, the Indian stumbled and fell, dropping his tomahawk, which before he could retrieve it, LOGSDON seized and with a blow dispatched the Indian. After this, LOGSDON deliberately charged his rifle and went in search of the wounded Indian, who in the interim had recovered his gun and was sitting with it resting on a log which nearly concealed his body.. When LOGSDON discovered him at a distance looking as if determined on battle and feeling himself much fatigued, without knowing the condition of the Indian, he prudently declined the combat, when he knew that by going a few miles to a settlement he could get assistance. This he did. On his return with a party, to his great surprise, he found the Indian dead of recent wound he had inflicted himself....."

Collins Historical Sketches of Kentucky, published in 1847, page 329 says:

"BIG JOE LOGSDON, about the year 1790 an individual known as BIG JOE LOGSDON removed from near the source of the North Branch of the Potomac River to Kentucky, and resided many years in the family of Andrew Barnett in Green County. He subsequently moved to Illinois. BIG JOE LOGSDON seems to have been a rare chap. Mr. Felix Renick has given some anecdotes of him in the Western Pioneer and says --- (There follows the story of the fight with the Indians)----the concluding----- paragraph of Mr. Renick's sketch of LOGSDON must have reference to the frontiers of Illinois and not Kentucky as we have the best authority for saying that Joe left Green County for the then Territory of Illinois."

From these various extracts concerning JOE LOGSDON it would seem that perhaps the Marshall account was the most factual and the Renick story was the Marshall story - - highly embellished and with a personal touch that more than suggested a personal acquaintance. The "State Historian" of West Virgina merely repeated previous publications of the anecdote.

We have from several descendants of the Thomas Logsdon line statements relative to being sisters, brother, etc., of Big Joe and while some of them may be true, it is possible that in the course of "hand-down" family history that a closer relationship develops in succeeding gererations. This is true in particular where great hoards of "cousins" develop from some outstanding member of a family.

Judge W[illegible] Malinda Logsdon was a sister of Joe Logsdo[illegible] famous Indian Scout." Judge Atterbury says that Ruth Logsdon was a daughter of Thomas, "brother of Bulger Joe Logsdon." Washington states Joe Logsdon was the son of Thomas Logsdon. From these accounts we can develop a fairly accurate picture of the Thomas Logsdon who was host to General Washington.

In trying to separate the many Joseph Logsdons who were in Kentucky, it is obvious that it must be done by inference and hence liable to error, there being one in Barren County, in 1810 and two in Madison County, while in 1820, there were two in Hart County and one in Madison County.

The story of BIG JOE LOGSDON expands as inquiry goes on and Mrs. Hazel Atterbury Spraker, of Buffalo, New York, who is a descendant of Ruth Logsdon, tells that he was known among her forebears as Bulger Joe Logsdon. Mrs. Spraker quotes from a letter written her by her uncle, Judge J. H. Atterbury of Litchfield, Illinois, dated 9/29/1931, as follows - referring to a reunion of the Kessinger family, he says:

"Zack and Charlie Kessinger were in attendance at the reunion. Zack is 84 years old and Charles a few years younger and both have splendid memories of the days gone by. They tell me that BULGER JOE LOGSDON and his history are familiar to both of them. Zack and Charlie say as to the name BULGER that this JOE was a great Indian fighter and went from Kentucky into Illinois pursuing that sport. He got into the neighborhood of Peoria, Illinois where he met Indian forces superior to his own and the latter was forced to retreat and JOE was defending the rear of his forces while the van came to the Wabash River between Indiana and Illinois, then at flood tide and the ones in front were awaiting the arrival of JOE for solution of the embarrassing predicament. On Joe's arrival, he readily saw the danger with the hostile forces pressing from the rear and the swollen river ahead and he promptly gave orders to "bulger" the stream (meaning to swim) which the whites promptly did, but the redskins were afraid to try and the whites were thereby saved. He was thereafter called BULGER JOE probably to distinguish him from the other JOE LOGSDONS.

They both say further that BULGER JOE was a great boaster as an animal and redskin hunter. The story as told me was that he returned to the Fort in which white men lived and reported he had killed three Indians that morning, which story was not accepted at par. JOE challenged them to go with him and in three separate fights, each time with a separate Indian, he led them to a dead Indian, then very recently killed and the story was thereafter accepted and believed."

The writer feels that the foregoing is family lore and has been handed down and perhaps embellished through the generations and certainly had as its basis the same story related by Renick in his American Pioneer. Mrs. Spracker says this same tale is also published in the History of Logan County, Kentucky.

The Illinois locale of the above story might also confirm the statement of Collins that JOE LOGSDON moved to Illinois after his reputed trial at Lexington.

Judge Atterbury states that RUTH LOGSDON who married in 1793, Hardin County, Kentucky, JOSEPH KESSINGER was the daughter of THOMAS LOGSDON, who was a brother of BULGER JOE LOGSDON.

For convenience, all of the records of Kentucky, that the writer has been able to collect, are given herewith:

1783 Jefferson County Book A, page 325, is recorded that THOMAS LOGSDON

made land entry for 325 acres on Little Clifty Creek. (Note: Clifty Creek flows in part through Logan County, and flows into the Green River. It was in 1793 in Nelson County and about 50 miles SW of the Nolynn(Nolin) Settlement. ECW).

This is the first land entry for any LOGSDON we have been able to discover and antidates about seven years the recorded migration of the LOGSDON clan from Maryland to Kentucky.

1789 Henderson & Brumbaugh list EDWARD LOGSDON, JOSEPH LOGSDON AND THOMAS LOGSDON as appearing in the Tax lists of Madison County, along with Christopher and Daniel Durbin who ar e possibly of the Durbin family of Ann Logsdon-Samuel Durbin who married in Baltimore County in 1723.

1793. Kentucky Register Vol. 21, p. 36-7 list JOSEPH LOGSDON, THOMAS LOGSDON AND WILLIAM LOGSDON as settlers in the Nolynn Settlement in Hardin County, just formed in 1792 from Nelson County. (Note: Nolin is about 10 miles north of Bacon Creek. ECW)

1795. Quarter Sessions Court - A-373; A-446. Record deed for 545 acres of land on Bacon Creek, Hardin County, (Note: present Hart County. ECW) in which THOMAS LOGSDON of Logan County and Solomon Kessinger made the purchase. (NOTE: Solomon Kessinger probably the father of Solomon Kessinger, Jr. who married daughter of Thomas Logsdon, Elizabeth, in 1793 in Hardin County. ECW)

1801 THOMAS LOGSDON and Solomon Kessinger deed 50 acres of foregoing tract to WILLIAM LOGSDON. (Note: presumably a son of Thomas Logsdon, as in 1804 they deed to Solomon Kessinger, Jr., a tract of 35 acres as noted Hardin County, Book of deeds B - 435.)

1813. Hardin County Book P, page 56 records that 415 acres are issued to JOHN LOGSDON on Raccoon Creek in Hardin County, as a Court of Appeals Deed.

These entries complete those found prior to 1815 for land West of the Madison County group. We surmise that Edward, Joseph and Thomas Logsdon, made their way west from Maryland to Kentucky and temporarily settled in Madison County, where Edward remained while Thomas and Joseph went further west about fifty miles to Hardin County between 1789 and 1793 and were joined by William prior to the latter date and still later by John.

Returning to the Madison County Group of Logsdons, we recall that EDWARD LOGSDON was first mentioned as a taxable in 1789. In 1792 the Kentucky Register Vol. 23, p. 137, lists THOMAS LOGSDON AND THOMAS JR., EDWARD AND EDWARD LOGSDON JR. By 1810 there are no Thomas Logsdons in Madison County as shown by the census returns but they do appear in 1810 and 1820 in Barren, Hardin and Hart Counties. (Note: These are the western counties around Hardin County. ECW) while the EDWARD LOGSDONS remain in Madison County as shown by the 1810 and 1820 Census returns.

1792 Collins History of Kentucky relates that on the Original Roll and Muster of the Scouts of the U. S. called into Service by General Charles Scott to defend the borders of Madison County, there is listed for service from 5/1/1792 to 8/22/1792 - - JOSEPH LOGSDON.

From these latter entries we can more accurately say that the date of the moving from Madison County to Hardin County by THOMAS LOGSDON and JOSEPH LOGSDON must have been in 1792-1793.

1797 Govenor Garrard issued a Commission as Captain to THOMAS LOGSDON in the 3rd Kentucky Regiment in HARDIN COUNTY.

Collins says JOSEPH LOGSDON was in Green County (formed in 1792 from Lincoln and Nelson) and Renick says he was in Green County after 1791 on the little Green River.

From the foregoing we can imagine the two district groups of LOGSDONS in Kentucky, these in Madison County, and the counties contiguous thereto, such as Garrard, Marion, Washington, Estill and Fayette. This group apparantly headed by the two older members of the Clan, EDWARD LOGSDON AND ELISHA LOGSDON, who probably came from Baltimore, Frederick or Washington Counties in Maryland.

The western group around Hardin County, and its near neighbors, Hart, Barren, Grayson, Edmonson and Butler Counties, comprised the THOMAS LOGSDON, JOSEPH LOGSDON, WILLIAM LOGSDON, AND JOHN LOGSDON families and are presumed to be the family of THOMAS LOGSDON and MARY who were hosts to General Washington, in present Garrett County in 1784.

There are many land entries made from the State of Kentucky to various LOGSDONS, clear up to 1913, a few of the earlier ones-

1815	Barren County	Samuel Logsdon	150 acres
1826	Edmonson "	William Logsdon	100 "
1836	Butler "	Joshua V. Logsdon	50 "
1835	Estil "	John B. Logsdon	50 "
1840	Estil "	George & William Logsdon	50 "
1840	Estil "	Edward Logsdon	50 "
1840	Estil "	Joseph & John B. Logsdon	50 "

The marriage records in the early days of Kentucky are quite voluminous and outside of records destroyed during the Civil War in Hart and Grayson Counties, constitute quite an addition to the lore of the Logsdon families. For convenience we designate only the year of the marriage, followed by the County in which the marriage took place, abbreviated by the initial letter only -- "H" for Hardin, "M" for Madison, etc. While these records are often in error as spelling of names, they sometimes give vital information as to the father or mother of the bride or groom, and in addition the "Bond" reference usually can be depended upon to show some degree of relationship.

Year	County	Logsdon who married	Mate	Bond
1789	M	Elizabeth Logsdon	Joseph Durbin	Joe L.
1793	M	Ann Logsdon	John Simon	Jos. D.
1791	M	Thomas Logsdon	Anne Wilson HAVE F.G.S.	
1792	M	Lucy Logsdon	Philip Durbin	Jas. L.
1793	M	Patience Logsdon	John Durbin	
1793	H	Elizabeth Logsdon	Solomon Kessinger	
1793	H	Ruth Logsdon	Joseph Kessinger	
1793	H	William Logsdon	Elizabeth Carman — MINE	
1793	H	Rebecca Logsdon	James Thomas	
1796	M	John Logsdon	Susannah Durbin	Nick D.
1797	M	Elisha Logsdon	Susannah Baker	Jos. L.
1796	H	William Logsdon	Mary Bradley	Jos. L.
1796	M	Honor Logsdon	Christian Durham, Jr.	
1797	M	Sarah Logsdon	Arnold White	Jno. L.
1797	M.	Mary Logsdon	Elijah Bradley	Jos. L.
1800	G	Hannah Logsdon	George Bradley	
1800	M	James Logsdon	Sarah Howard	Ph. D.
1803	M	Edward Logsdon	Sebina Howard	Edw. L.
1804	H	Joseph Logsdon	Sally Atterbury	
1806	H	Lydia Logsdon	Edward Otter (Olter)	
1807	M	William Logsdon	Eliz. Picklesimmon	Jos. L.
1807	H	Henry Logsdon	Catherine Bradley	
1808	M	Edward Logsdon	Mary Logsdon	
1808	N	Mary Logsdon	Edward Logsdon	
1809	M	Nancy Logsdon	Norris Harvey (?)	Edw. I.
1809	M	Ann Logsdon	Howard Clement	
1809	H	Rachael Logsdon	John Greenwait	
1810	H	John Logsdon	Nancy Jones	
1811	H	John Logsdon	Mary Tharp	
1811	M	Lydia Logsdon	Samuel Picklesimmon	Jas. L.
1812	H	Mary Logsdon	John Ashbaugh	
1813	H	Joshua Logsdon	Elizabeth Howe	
1813	M	James Logsdon	Mary Jones	
1813	H	James O. Logsdon	Sally Jones HAVE F.G.S.	
1814	M	William Logsdon	Elizabeth Conley	Geo. L.
1816	M	Rebecca Logsdon	James Skees	Geo. L.
1816	H	Rebecca Logsdon	John W. Wilkes	
1817	M	Elizabeth Logsdon of John	Wm. Durbin of Joseph	
1817	H	Hiram Logsdon	Editha Thorp	
1818	H	Mary Logsdon of Wm.	Robert Wilkinson	
1818	H	Margaret Logsdon of Ed.	Joseph Durbin	
1819	M	Leslie Logsdon of Ed.	Aaron McKinsey	
1819	H	James Logsdon	Margaret Durbin	
1820	H	Joseph Logsdon	Hannah Durbin	
1820	M	Sarah Logsdon	John McKinsey	
1820	N	Mary Logsdon	Willis McKinsey	Chris. D.
1821	H	Polly Logsdon of James	Elisha Durbin	
1822	H	William Logsdon of James	Ann Simon of John	
1822	N	Nellie Logsdon	Lewis Roberts	Jas. L.
1824	N	Lawrence Logsdon	Sally Bogie	Jas L.
1824	M	John Logsdon	Nancy Logsdon	Wm. L.
1827	H	Eliz. Logsdon of James B.	Elias Graves	
1828	H	Nancy Logsdon	Samuel Bradley	
1829	H	Sylvester Logsdon of Jas.B.	Nancy White of Arnold	

(above marriage also given as Madison County W.J.D.)

Year	County	Logsdon who married	Mate	Bond
1830	G	Lovinia Logsdon of Wm.	Ilia Atterbury of Melchizedek	Att.
1830	M	Elizabeth Logsdon	Henry Shaw	Geo. L.
1830	M	Basil Logsdon	Temperance Barnes	
1831	H	Lewis P. Logsdon	Elizabeth Barrett	
1832	G	Thomas I. Logsdon	Mary Spurling	
1832	B	Rachael Logsdon	Richard Durbin	
1832	H	Susannah Logsdon	David Hendricks	Richard L.
1834	M	Richard Logsdon	Margaret Cooksey	
1834	M	Elizabeth Logsdon	James Dunn	
1835	H	Polly Logsdon	George Hazelwood	Geo. L.
1835	M	James Logsdon	Rachael Grooce (Gross/)	
1835	H	Mary Logsdon	Chas. Hornback (her guardian)	
1835	H	James Logsdon	Sarah McClure	
1835	M	Nancy Logsdon	Hardin Purcell	Geo. L.
1836	M	Lydia Logsdon of Edward	John Carver	
1837	M	Joseph Logsdon	Lucy Parker	
1838	M	Mary Logsdon of Elizabeth	Oliver N. Parker	
1838	H	Proceedins Logsdon	Jonas H. Williams	
1836		Phillip Logsdon	Lydia Johnson	
1839	M	Sally Logsdon of Edward	Obidiah Benham	
1839	M	Elias Logsdon of Joseph	Cecilly Hamer	Jos. L.
1840	G	Phillip Logsdon	Amelia Bryant	
1840	M	Aaron Logsdon	Lucinda Dunbar	
1840	M	Lydia Logsdon of Elizabeth	Warder Dunbar	Geo. L.
1841	H	Elijah Logsdon	Kitty Ann Susex	
843	M	Mary Logsdon	Henry T. Wright	
.843	H	Edward Logsdon	Margaret Riley	Geo. L.
1846	H	William Logsdon	Elizabeth Cauley	Geo. L.
1846	M	James Logsdon	Susan Tuder	
1847	H	Aaron Logsdon	Martha Johnson	
1847	M	Sisely Logsdon	Sandridge Dunbar	Geo. L.
1847	M	Melinda Logsdon	Martin Dunbar	Geo. L.
1848	M	Julia Logsdon	Milton White	

The last two 1847 marriages of Siseley and Melinda Logsdon to Dandridge and Martin Dunbar are apparantly confused, as one list gives the grooms as Martin and Garrett Dunbar respectively.

The early Census reports are of great value in grouping the various Logsdon families, to wit:

	Under 10 yr.	10 yr. to 16	16 yr. to 18	18 yr. to 26	26 yr. to 45	over 45 yr.
HARDIN COUNTY 1810						
Peter Logsdon	3M	3F		M	M&F	
BARREN COUNTY 1810						
John Logsdon	2F	2M-F			4M	M&F
John Logsdon	3M-F		M-3F		M	F
Thomas Logsdon						M&F
'X' Joseph Logsdon	2M-2F				M&F	
HARDIN COUNTY 1820						
Thomas Logsdon	2M	3M-F		4M-F	F	M
Thomas Logsdon	M-3F	2M-2F		3M-F	M&F	
William Logsdon	3M-F	3M-3F			M&F	
William Logsdon	2M-3F	M-2F			M&F	
James Logsdon	M				M&F	
Henry Logsdon	2F			M&F		
HART COUNTY 1820						
William Logsdon	3M	M-2F	M	M	F	M
Thomas Logsdon	2M-F	M-2F	M-F	M		M&F
William Logsdon				M		M&F
Usilla Logsdon	M			M&F		F
Polly Logsdon	5F	2M		2M-2F	M	F
Hiram Logsdon	M-F			F	M	
James Logsdon	3M-F				M&F	
John C. Logsdon	2M-3F	F			M&F	
Joseph Logsdon	3M			F	M	
Thomas S. Logsdon	2M-F			F	M	
Samuel Logsdon	3F			F	M	
John K. Logsdon	2M-2F			F	M	
Joseph Logsdon	F			M&F		
James Logsdon	M-F			M&F		

The Joseph Logsdon listed above marked 'X' is in Grayson County Census. The above lists comprise the "western" group of Logsdons around Hardin County. The Madison County groups follow on the next page.

	Under 10 yr.	10 yr. to 16	16 yr. to 18	18 yr. to 26	26 yr. to 45	over 45 yrs.
MADISON COUNTY 1810						
Edward Logsdon	F	2F		M		M&F
Elisha Logsdon	F	F		2M		M&F
John Logsdon	2M-3F	M&F		F	M	
Edward Logsdon Jr.	4F			F	M	
James Logsdon	2M-2F	M			M&F	
Joseph Logsdon	2M-F	M			M&F	
'X' Joseph Logsdon	M	M&F			M&F	F
Peter Logsdon	M-3F				M&F	
'A' William Logsdon	2M-2F			F	M	
MADISON COUNTY 1820						
Joseph Logsdon	M	M-F		2M	M	F
Edward Logsdon		F		M&F		M&F
Edward Logsdon	M-2F	2F			M&F	
John Logsdon	3M-F	M-2F		2M-2F	M&F	
James Logsdon	M-3F	M-F		2M-F	M&F	
Susan Logsdon	F			M		F

'X' Called "Redhead" Joseph in Census

'A' Estill County Census Report

THE KENTUCKY LOGSDONS

The Logsdon family in Kentucky is a puzzling task and to understand the ituation, one must have as a background, the understanding of the formation ofthe a[illegible]us Counties in Kentucky. The original and first Logsdon settlers in Kentucky e[illegible]led in and around Madison County, which is apparantly in the center of the resent state. From there a group moved about 100 miles further west to the then alled Hardin County. The two groups were quite distinct from perhaps 1790 on.

In 1780, the so-called Transylvania County, which constituted approximately he present State of Kentucky, was devided into four counties- Jefferson, Lincoln, ayette, and Logan. The counties in which we are interested were formed from hese original four, as follows:

Madison, in 1785 from Lincoln County
Nelson, in 1782 from Jefferson County
Mercer, in 1785 from Lincoln County
Clarke, In 1792 from Fayette County
Hardin, in 1792 from Nelson County
Green, in 1792 from Lincoln and Nelson Counties
Garrard, in 1796 from Lincoln, Mercer and Madison
Warren, in 1796 from Logan
Barren, in 1798 from Green and Warren
Ohio, in 1798 from Hardin
Estil, in 1808 from Clarke and Madison
Grayson, from Hardin and Ohio in 1810
Allen, in 1819 from Hardin and Barren
Edmonson, in 1825 from Grayson, Hart and Warren
Marion, in 1834 from Washington formed in 1792

The western group of LOGSDONS centered in HARDIN COUNTY and the subsequent rmation of new counties from Hardin, spreads them over more counties, but ssibly not over more territory. These new counties in the Western Group cover e counties of Barren, Hart, Grayson and Warren Counties, and for convenience ferred to as the Hardin County Logsdons.

THE HARDIN COUNTY LOGSDONS

We are presuming, and it is to be remembered that the reconstruction of these ily lines is practically 100 per-cent by inference or hypothesis, that the THOMAS SDON who made Land Entry in Jefferson County in 1783 was the son of THOMAS GSDON and wife MARY who sheltered General Washington on the Potomas in 1784. again presume that THOMAS LOGSDON (II) explored this Transylvania County before was devided up into four counties. He probably returned to the family on the nks of the Potomac and told glowing tales of the new country and was, in fact, ch a good emissary that in 1790, we find in the Madison County tax lists the names EDWARD, THOMAS, AND JOSEPH LOGSDON, along with Christopher and Daniel Durbin. 1792, that Joseph and Thomas Logsdon had migrated further west to the Hardin anty group of counties and before 1792 were joined by WILLIAM LOGSDON and we find l three residents of the Nolynn Settlement in that year.

Reviewing the 1810 Census returns in Hardin County, we find:

1. THOMAS LOGSDON born prior to 1765 and his wife with no children in their household. This was probably the eldest of the group.

2. JOHN LOGSDON was probably next in age and his return shows him and wife born prior to 1765 and included in his household were six males and three girls.

3. WILLIAM LOGSDON was not included in the Census return and his name appears last on the tax lists of 1808.

The foregoing three apparantly constitute the elder generations as the three other Logsdons were born 1765-1784, and include PETER with seven children under 16. (Married possibly circa 1795) JOHN with eight children under 18. (Married possibly circa 1793) JOSEPH with four children under 10. (Married possibly 1820. This might be the Joseph who married in 1804 in Hardin County, to SALLY ATTERBURY.

We place tentatively the following as brothers, THOMAS, JOHN and WILLIAM LOGSDON, AND AS THE SONS OF [THOMAS LOGSDON AND MARY] his wife. We believe the Peter, John, and Joseph to be children of the older three.

We attempt to put these families in their proper order by inference and tentatively:

1. MALINDA LOGSDON who married circa 1772 JAMES WELCH of whom her grandson said was the sister of "BIG JOE LOGSDON" famous Indian Scout. They moved to Virginia- Short Creek in 1785 from near Oakland, Maryland.

2. JOSEPH LOGSDON, who was the guide for GENERAL WASHINGTON in 1784 in the Potomac-Stoney River region. He probably married a MARY and if we can rely on Collins, they had an only son:

   A. JOSEPH LOGSDON who was known as "Big Joe" and the hero of many tales of his strength and woodmanship. He was probably unmarried and in Kentucky lived with Andrew Barnett with whom he was tried in the "horse-stealing" case, but never convicted.

3. THOMAS LOGSDON (II) was appointed Captain in 1797 by Gov. Garrard. He died leaving will dated May, 1818. (Barren County Will Book A) His will named the following children:

   A. JOHN LOGSDON (see census) was born circa 1775. He was a Pensioner served in Capt. James McDermott's Company from 3/29/1813 to April 1814. He was taken prisioner opposite Ft. Meigs on 5/5/1813 and was released on parole a week later. We think he was the John Logsdon who married in Madison County in 1796 SUSANNAH DURBIN, she was a daughter of Nicholas Durbin who bonded the marriage. John was named executor of his father's estate.

   B. MARY LOGSDON was mentioned in will as Mary White. We cannot locate this marriage, although in 1797 in Madison County a Sarah Logsdon married Arnold White.

   C. THOMAS LOGSDON (III) was mentioned in will and we suggest that perhaps it is this Thomas who married in 1791 in Madison County to ANNE WILSON. We further believe him to have migrated to Indiana after his father's death.

These are the only three children mentioned in the will of Thomas Logsdon. His wife was not mentioned, she presumably having died prior to 1818.

Placing reliance in the account of Judge Atterbury, we must also add the names of:

D. RUTH LOGSDON who married 1793 in Hardin County JOSEPH KESSINGER and had at least one daughter - -
   a. Elizabeth Kessinger m. 1816 Michael Atterbury

E. ELIZABETH LOGSDON married 1793 Hardin County Solomon Kessinger Jr.; Two brothers marrying two sisters, Solomon Kessinger Sr., being a partner in owning land with William Logsdon, brother of Thomas.

We also place conjecturally as another daughter:

F. REBECCA LOGSDON who married 1793 JAMES THOMAS
   (This may prove to be a daughter of William)

4. WILLIAM LOGSDON who died 1808-1810. We are indebted to Louis Duermeyer of Washington D. C. for this line.

A. WILLIAM LOGSDON (1773-1853) married 1793 Hardin County, Kentucky, ELIZABETH CARMAN daughter of Joseph Carman and Mary LaRue Carman. He was a pensioner and served in Captain Hale's Company in 1814 for six months service. After his death in 1853, his widow Elizabeth makes applications for lands and supporting her claim, were two attestants Solomon and Elizabeth Logsdon Kessinger, saying she was a widow of William. Children of William and Elizabeth:

a. MARY LOGSDON (1794-1878) born Hardin Co., Ky., died Girard, Macoupin County, Illinois. Married 1812 Hardin County JOHN ASHBOUGH (1794-1853) Biried Nolyn Chapel.
   1. William Ashbough m. Belinda DeWeese
   2. Rebecca Ashbough m. Ransom A. Caswell
   3. Elizabeth Ashbough m. Miles Caswell
   4. Mary Ann Ashbough m. Jeremiah Jaggers
   5. John Logsdon Ashbough m. Cynthia B. Smith
   6. Phoebe Ashbough m. Simon Meredith
   7. Charles Ashbough died unmarried
   8. Catherine Ashbough m. David Wells
   9. David crockett Ashbough m. Mary Joseph Crosby

b. HARRISON LOGSDON

c. CALVIN LOGSDON

d. LOUVISA (LOVE) LOGSDON b. 12/14/1809, d. July 11, 1891. m. Ilia Atterbury Dec. 23, 1830, both buried Lowry City, Mo.

   1. Albert C. Atterbury m. Rachael Ann Davis
   2. Sarah Mulvina Atterbury m. Joseph Cooper
   3. William Melchizedck Atterbury m. Mary Jane Beeler
   4. Mary E. Atterbury m. David Jones
   5. Louis B. Atterbury m. Maria McPhail
   6. Willis R. Atterbury m. Bertha Conover
   7. Luella Atterbury died unmarried
   8. Esabella Atterbury m. J. H. Stewart

e. JOSEPH CARMAN LOGSDON, M.D. born 1817, Kentucky, married twice #1 Virginia Hansford died 1905. Buried Cherry Springs Cemetary, Grayson County Kentucky. #2 wife Alice Logsdon
1. John Logsdon born 1839, married Samantha Dennis
2. William Logsdon, born 1841
3. Harrison Logsdon b. 1842, lived at Pearman Ky.
4. Joseph Thomas Logsdon b. 1845
5. Mary Jane Logsdon b. 1847 m. William Dennis, lived in Roseburg Ky.
6. Wlizabeth Logsdn b. 1850 m. James L. Stanbe, lived in Bonnieville,Ky.
7. James Logsdon b. 1853
8. Samuel Logsdon b. 1856
9. Charles Logsdon killed in Philipine war.

f. PHOEBE LOGSDON m. Silas Meeks - moved to Tennessee
g. LYDIA LOGSDON m. _____ Blessett
h. NANCY LOGSDON m. Jordan Smith. Buried Broad Ford, Grayson County, Ky.
i. ALICE (ALLIE) LOGSDON m. Nathan Meredith. Died and buried Grayson Co. Ky.
j. A daughter who married a Kessinger
k. Another daughter

5. A daughter who married in about 1766, possibly in Maryland, to JOHN DURBIN:

A. Thomas Durbin
B. John "Stumpy" Durbin m. 1792 Madison Co. Ky. to Elizabeth Oller
C. Druella Durbin (Rem. 1826 Sangamon Co. Ill.)
D. Mary Durbin m. William Turpin (Durbin?)
E. Nancy Durbin
F. Augustine Durbin

This daughter is named in the Durbin family as bei ng a sister to Captain Bulger Joe Logsdon.

A side light on the perplexing relationship is found in the records of the Ky. Quarter Sessions Court (A-373; A-446) where is recorded that on

10/23/1795 Solomon Kessinger and THOMAS LOGSDON purchase 545 acres on Bacon Creek in Hardin (present Hart) County, Kentucky.

10/11/1801 Kessinger and Logsdon (named Above) deed to WILLIAM LOGSDON 50 acres of this land on "Bacon Creek branch of Nolyn".

8/8/1804 (Hardin County Deed Book-B; 435) The same two men deed to Solomon Kessinger Jr., for 5 shillings, 33 acres on Bacon Creek, being "part" and called for in a bond given Solomon Kessinger, Jr. by Thomas Logsdon dated 4/18/1803.

6. JOHN LOGSDON being 5th recorded child of Thomas and Mary. By his 1810 Census return in Hardin County, Kentucky. He was born prior to 1765 as was his wife and he had four males in his household age 26 to 45, who may be his sons, unmarried. He may be in the wrong family, but is included here, as always - - - - tentatively.

married Michael Atterbury, 12/15/1816
2. Ruth Kessinger m. Joe Thomas Logsdon
3. William Logsdon Kessinger
4. Rebecca Kessinger m. _____ Lynch
5. Louvisa Kessinger m. Hiram Atterbury
6. Solomon Kessinger m. Frances Isaacs
7. Josiah Kessinger m. #1 Rebecca Peebles
   #2 Cynthia Ann Scherer Brown
8. Lucinda Kessinger m. _____ Lynch
9. Nancy Kessinger
10. Silas Kessinger b. 1818 - d. 1886, m. #1 Nancy Fenwick
    #2 Lucina Beeler

Lived and died Montgomery Co., Ill.

3E. ELIZABETH LOGSDON married Solomon Kessinger, Jr.
children:

1. Benjamin Lynn Kessinger
2. Miles Kessinger
3. Alex Kessinger
4. Solomon Kessinger, III
5. Jacob Kessinger b. 12/14/1814 - d. Nov. 1890, m. Mary Ann Dennis
   lived Litchfield, Illinois.
6. William Kessinger
7. Andrew Kessinger
8. Elizabeth Kessinger
9. Rebecca Kessinger
10. Mary Kessinger
11. Lydia Kessinger
12 Millie Kessinger
13. John Kessinger

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4A e-2 (page 40) WILLIAM LOGSDON (CURLEY BILL) B. 1841

children:
1. Joseph Thomas Logsdon lived in Walshville, Ill.
2. Mary V. Logsdon m. Robert Kessinger
3. Lou Ann Logsdon m. Parker Fletcher
4. George Melvin Logsdon m. lived Bloomington, Ill.
5. Pleas Logsdon m. Mattie Dorsey
6. Ella Logsdon
7. Hardin Logsdon
8. Duball Logsdon m. _____ Whiten
9. Hartford Logsdon
10. William Logsdon m. Lizzie Powell (Little Bill)
11. Ben Logsdon
12. Eliza Logsdon m. Colombus Lee Powell

With reference to 3D Ruth Logsdon and 3E Elizabeth Logsdon,--page 39--

3D. RUTH LOGSDON married JOSEPH KESSINGER in 1793, HARDIN CO., Kentucky.
Joseph married #2 Caroline DORSEY
1. Elizabeth Kessinger b. 11/29/1794 - d. 1/29/1873
   married Michael ATTERBURY, 12/15/16

The remaining Logsdons mentioned in the 1810 census of Hardin County are nidentifiable - -

JOSEPH LOGSDON listed in 1810 with four children under 10 in the Hardin Co. Census, may be a son of Thomas. He was apparantly not the "Big Joe" Logsdon who was the subject of many tales, as he lived apparantly alone with Andrew Barnett, However, we are suggesting that there are two of the fabulous Joe Logsdons. One, who was known as "Big Joe" who married Mary, "built like the Dutchman's horse" and his son who was Guide for Washington, and also known as "Big Joe". We believe him to be the hero of the Indian story account.

We suggest that the "Captain Bulger Joe" Logsdon was the son of Thomas of Thomas, and was named after his father's brother. In this connection we studied Perkins "Annals of the West" which was published in 1858 and contains accounts of General Scotts attempt to subdue the Indians along the Madison County border about 1791-2. In this account, it is related that General Scott (American State Papers Vol. 131) about 1791-2 marched against the Kickapoo Indians. He was leading a force of about 750 men Volunteers. On May 23rd 1791, with 800 mounted men. General Scott crossed the Ohio River at the mouth of the Kentucky and attached Kickapoo Village. General Scott says in his report - - -

> "The enemy kept possession of Kickapoo Town. I determined to dislodge them and for that purpose ordered CAPTAINS KING AND LOGSDON'S Companies to march down the river, and cross under the conduct of Major Barbee. Several men swam the river, others passed in small canoes. This movement was unobserved and my men had taken posts on the bank, etc... etc....."

Collins in his History of Kentucky says that in 1792, a payroll of Scouts called into service to defend the borders of Madison County, covering the period from 5/1/1792 to 8/22/1792, contained the name of JOSEPH LOGSDON.

From the story told Judge Atterbury, by the Kessingers, and from the various other accounts, the writers suggests that "Big Joe" and "Captain Bulger Joe" were two different men. The former by Joseph and Mary. The latter possibly and even probably, by Thomas of Thomas. Thomas Logsdon was appointed a Captain by Govenor Girrard.

The Tomas Logsdon who married Annie Wilson (Thomas III) presumably migrated to Indiana. In the History of Gallatin, County, Illinois it is stated - - -

I. Thomas Logsdon of Irish Ancestry (Presumably our Thomas III)

II. Thomas E. Logsdon IV born Ripley County, Indiana circa 1830 married Margaret

1. J. J. Logsdon b. Ripley County, Ind.
2. J. E. Logsdon m. Edith Reardon

a. Eugene Logsdon
b. Maude Logsdon

The 1830 Census of Ripley County, Indiana shows Thomas Logsdon born 1770-80 and a family of 9 children, 6 boys, 3 girls, all under 20.

The Putnam County, Missouri Census of 1870 lists a THOMAS LOGASDON born Indiana in 1825 and who married a NANCY born in Illinois in 1831. Their family was as follows:

1. John Logsdon b. 1848 In Missouri
2. Susan Logsdon b. 1853
3. Sarah Logsdon b. 1855
4. Isaac Logsdon b. 1859

This may possibly be Thomas Logsdon (V) born to Thomas and Margaret

END OF HARDIN COUNTY LOGSDONS

THE MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY LOGSDONS

In the 1810 Census of Madison County, there are listed but two Logsdons who were over 45 years of age, namely EDWARD LOGSDON and ELISHA LOGSDON. The parentage of both in Maryland is obscure and the writer is making every effort to find the solution of this problem.

We will first cover the case of EDWARD LOGSDON who is listed in the 1810 census as being born prior to 1765 and with four children still in his household a boy 16/26 and two girls 10/16 and a girl under 10. The 1820 census lists both Edward and wife and three children, a boy and a girl 16/26 and a girl 10/16.

The first mention of EDWARD LOGSDON in Kentucky is from Henderson & Brumbaugh's History where it is stated that he appears on the 1789 Tax List of Madison County. in 1792 both EDWARD LOGSDON and Edward Logsdon Jr. appear on the tax list.

EDWARD LOGSDON JR. appears in the 1810 Census with wife and four girls under 10 and he being born 1784-94. The 1820 census shows him with four girls and a boy under 10.

Madison County marriages records note that in 1802 EDWARD LOGSDON married SABINA HOWARD. The bond was furnished by EDWARD LOGSDON who by inference was the father. Edward Logsdon Sr.

The Howard family intermarried with the Logsdons in this period and a descendant says that SABINA HOWARD and Sarah Howard were sisters, the latter marrying James B. Logsdon, brother of Edward Logsdon, Jr., thus two sisters marrying two brothers. Elisha Logsdon, who may be a brother to Edward Sr., married a REBECCA HOWARD - - Clement Howard, whose marriage in 1808 in Madison County is recorded pecularily. He married (or took out license to marry) Nancy Logsdon, and two days later, he duplicated the marriage of license to marry Ann Logsdon. The first marriage was bonded by Edward Logsdon. The strange circumstances might be a correction of an earlier error in a name. The Rebecca Howard who married ELISHA LOGSDON, presumably his first wife, was sired by John Edgar Howard and his wife CHEW. This collatoral branch will stand investigation further.

We do not presume that this EDWARD LOGSDON, SR., in Kentucky is the son of William and Honor Logsdon (immigrant) as he would be over one hundred in 1820. See page 22. Neither can he be the son of John Logsdon (1716-1797) as his son, Edward, was a Pensioner and alledges he lived his entire life in Frederick and Allegany Counties, Maryland.

Conjecturally we put this family together as follows:

1. EDWARD LOGSDON born prior 1760

    1. JAMES B. LOGSDON married Madison County, Ky, 1800 SARAH HOWARD (sister Of Sabina who married Edward Jr. brother of James B.) The bond was Phillip Durbin.

        A. Mary Logsdon m. 1821 Hardin Co. Elisha Durbin
        B. William Logsdon m. 1822 Hardin Co. Ann Simon of John
        C. Sabina Logsdon m. John Day and removed to Clarke Co. , Mo. where her mother, Sarah, lived with her. Sabina was possibly named after her mother's sister.

D. James Logsdon
E. Clememt Logsdon was probably named for his mother's brother, or her father Clement Sr.
F. Sylvester Logsdon m. 1829 Hardin County Nancy White of Arnold White.
G. Rachael Logsdon m. 1832 Edmonson County, Richard Durbin
H. Margaret Logsdon m. Benedict Durbin
I. Sarah Logsdon died in infancy
J. Edward Logsdon m _____ Gauk
K. Elizabeth Logsdon m. 1827 Hardin County Elias Graves and secondly a Simons.

2. EDWARD LOGSDON, JR., m. 1803 Madison County SABINA HOWARD bond was Edward Logsdon, presumably Sr.

3. MARGARET LOGSDON "of Edward" married 1818 Madison County, Joseph Durbin

4. LESLIE LOGSDON "of Edward" married 1819 Madison County Aaron McKinsey

In connection with the Howard Family it is interesting to note that on April 11, 1903, the Baltimore County Union Paper (Md.) carried the following - - -

"Mr. N. Bosley Merryman, Clerk of the Circuit Court, has received a letter from Miss ESTELLA LOGSDON, of 114 East 19th Street, Kansas City Mo..... stating that an advertisement appeared about six years ago in a Baltimore paper making inquiry about the heirs of the descendants of a Logsdon, who was descendants of the HOWARDS on the mother's side. We are those heirs, wrote Miss Logsdon, and are prepared to establish lineage. She wants information concefning the estate, which is said to be an expired ninety-nine years lease."

- -

THE FAMILY OF ELISHA LOGSDON IN KENTUCKY

Here again the parentage of the principal character in the line, is obscure. The only Maryland reference to Elisha that we have found is contained in Thomas & William's History of Allegany County saying that ..... "in addition to the Colony in the vicinity of Old Town, the following settlers were in the country lying west of Fort Cumberland,.....ELISHA LOGSDON ." This was about 1775 and could have been the Elisha who came to Kentucky.

Kentucky Records indicate he was a resident of Madison County, as shown by the 1810 Census, where he is listed as the only Logsdon owning a slave, and a single one at that. The 1820 Census does not mention him, but does show Susan Logsdon, who may have been his widow. The 1810 Census shows him with a wife and four children - - - he was over 45, as was his wife making him born prior to 1765. The children were two boys, 16-26; a girl 10-16; and a girl under 10.

In 1797, the marriage records of Madison County show Elisha Logsdon married Susannah Baker. We are placing this as a second marriage, as in 1793, "Pauline Logsdon of Elisha" married in Madison County. The Census records of 1810 show only one Elisha, so that we conclude that the Elisha who married in 1797 was the father of Pauline by a first wife.

With the foregoing hopothesis, we place tentatively the line as follows:- - -

1. ELISHA LOGSDON married 1st probably in Maryland REBECCA HOWARD. Howards probably lived in the Blue Ridge Mountains. Married 2nd Madison County 1797, bonded by Joseph Logsdon, SUSANNAH BAKER. The 1820 Census does not mention him and he presumably died 1810-1820. A SUSAN LOGSDON is listed in 1820 who may have been his widow.

Children of Elisha Logsdon by his first wife include - - - -

A. Elisha Logsdon
B. Elija Logsdon m. Jane Bush
C. William Logsdon m. Elizabeth Durbin
D. Joseph Logsdon m. 1820 Hardin County, Hanna Durbin
E. James Logsdon born Ky. married 1819 Hardin County Margaret Durbin of Joseph. 1828 moved to Sangamon County, Illinois
1830 moved Christian County, Illinois
1864 died Sangamon County, Illinois
1820 Census Hardin County shows him born 1775-94 and a son born 1820. By necessity, we believe him to have remarried in 1841 in Christian County, Illinois to Susannah Durbin- Johnson.

a. William Logsdon b. 1820 Hardin County
1830 moved with family to Christian County, Illinois. Married 1838 Montgomery County, Ill. Elizabeth Meeds of Solomon who was born Georgia 1782. William was the earliest settler in Beer Creek Township, Christian County, Ill. He was J. P. for 12 years.

1. James Mathew Logsdon m. 1st Sarah Gatton
2nd. Mary Durbin
3rd. Mathilda Durbin

No children of record by first wife.
By Mary Durbin, he had;
A. Frank Logsdon
B. Lucy Jane Logsdon
C. Eliza Logsdon
D. Elizabeth Logsdon
E. Ella Logsdon
F. Angeline Logsdon m. Marian C. Durbin
By third wife Mathilda Durbin:
G. James Logsdon m. Flora Odles

a. Edna Logsdon
b. Edith Logsdon
c. Leslie Logsdon et al.

H. Joseph Logsdon died in infancy
I. John Logsdon died in infancy
J. Julia Logsdon m. Thomas Nussman
K. George Logsdon m. 1st Ethel Nash, 2nd wife unknown
L. Stephen Logsdon died unmarried

2. Sarah Logsdon died infancy
3. Joseph O'Connell Logsdon m. 1866 Christian Co., Ill. Catherine Durbin

A. William Logsdon
B. Daughter died infancy
C. James Logsdon
D. Mary Ann Logsdon m. Oliver Durbin
E. Maggie Logsdon m. Wm. Bumgardner
F. Stella Logsdon m. John V. Painter
G. Bernard Logsdon m. Alice Durbin

4. Mary Janes Logsdon m. John Durbin
5. Solomon A. Logsdon died unmarried
6. Henry Logsdon m. Nina Clarke

A. Frank Logsdon
B. Lila Logsdon
C. Albert Logsdon
D. Earl Logsdon
2 daughters died in infancy

7. Patia Logsdon died unmarried
8. Margaret Logsdon died unmarried
9. Elija Logsdon died unmarried
10. Elizabeth Logsdon m. John W. Durbin
11. Son died infancy
12. Julia Logsdon m. George Nelmora
13. John Logsdon died unmarried

b. JOSEPH LOGSDON m. 1845 Christian County, Ill. Susan Heeds of Solomon.

1. Solomon Denis Logsdon m. 1st Mary Ann Durbin
2nd Emma Logsdon
3rd Ellen Beer
4th Nancy Finnegan-Durbin

A. Sarah Logsdon m. 1st Charles Hardy
2nd Ray Dyer
B. Joseph Willian Logsdon died infancy
C. Edward Logsdon m. Lillie Harlow
a. Albert Logsdon m. Eva Novels
b. Sarah Agnes Logsdon died infancy
c. Everet E. Logsdon m. Edna Mayo
d. Clayton Logsdon
D. Martin N. Logsdon m. 1st Martha Bates
2nd Viola "_____
a. James Denis Logsdon
b. John Jacob Logsdon
c. Dora Logsdon
d. et al by first wife
E. Margaret E. Logsdon m. George Schweilder
F. Mary A. Logsdon m. Edward Hicks
by second wife Emma Logsdon* * * *
G-H. Twins died infancy
I. Emma Logsdon died infancy
J. Corra A. Logsdon m. 1st William Lawyer
2nd William Durbin
K. Michael L. Logsdon
L. Lucy Jane Logsdon m. John Harlow
M. Lula A. Logsdon m. Bert E. Briley
N. Norbert Logsdon
O. Elmer S. Logsdon m. Inez E. Durbin
m 2nd Verina Cummins

2. James Logsdon died young

3. Sarah Logsdon m. William Durbin

c. Sarah Logsdon m. 1844 Christian Co., Ill. Stephen Gatton
d. Mary Catherine Logsdon m. 1840, Christian Co., Leonard Durbin
e. Edward Logsdon died unmarried
f. Elizabeth Logsdon m. John Gatton
g. Nancy Logsdon died unmarried
h. James Logsdon m. 1st Anna Simons
i. A daughter died infancy

F. Mary Logsdon m. Landen Bush, brother of Joseph
G. Rebecca Logsdon m. John Durbin
H. Sally Logsdon m. _____Bozier
I. Nancy Logsdon m. Joseph P. Durbin of Joseph
J. Rachael Logsdon m. 1832 Edmonson County, Ky. Richard Durbin

2. George Logsdon married Saray McKinzey. There is no Census record of George in Madison or Hardin Counties, although he was bond for many marriages in Madison County, Ky. to wit:

1814 William Logsdon m. Elizabeth Conley
1816 Rebecca Logsdon m. John W. Wilks
1830 Elizabeth Logsdon m. Henry Shaw
1835 Polly Logsdon m. George Hazelwood
1840 Lydia Logsdon of Elizabeth m. Warder Dunbar
1843 Edward Logsdon m. Margaret Riley
1846 William Logsdon m. Elizabeth Cauley
1847 Cicily Logsdon m. Sandridge Dunbar
1847 Melinda Logsdon m. Martin Dunbar

It is possible, those were, in part, his children. His son, George, Jr. reputedly lived in Brown County, Illinois.

3. Elizabeth Logsdon married 1789 Madison County, Ky., Joseph Durbin, and was the first of the three sisters to marry one of the three brothers. Joseph Logsdon was the bond. They had twelve children, all born in Madison County, Kentucky. In 1829, they moved to Sangamon, Co., Ill.

A. Mary Durbin m. 1815 Madison Co., Ky. Christopher Durbin
B. John M. Durbin m. 1815 Madison County, Honoria Brown
C. Edward Durbin m. 1st in ky. a _____Sattley, 2nd Susanna Day Moved to Christian County, Ill. 1830
D. Christopher Durbin b. 1793, m. 1814 Madison Co., Ky. Rachael Willis bond, Edward Durbin
E. William Durbin m. 1st Elizabeth Logsdon of John (of Thomas) Madison County 1817. m. 2nd Durcilla Simmons
E. Joseph Durbin (Joseph P.) b. 1790, married Nancy Logsdon of William and Mary Bradley
G. Sylvester Durbin m. Ky., Nancy Painter of John and Rem. Christian Co., Ill. 1830
H. Margaret Durbin m. 1819, Hardin Co., James Logsdon of William and Mary Bradley.
I. Phillip Durbin m. Elizabeth Durbin
J. Nancy Durbin m. Nathan Painter
K. James Durbin m. 1837 Montgomery County, Ill. Rachael Meeds of Solomon
L. Elizabeth Durbin m. Elija Logsdon. (A Montgomery County marriage recorded in 1834 says Elizabeth Durbin married Elija Durbin.)

4. Patience Logsdon m. 1793 Madison County, Kentucky, "Blind" John Durbin. This is the first recorded Logsdon marriage record in Kentucky, she being the second of the three sisters marrying three brothers.

A. Christopher Durbin m. 1815 Madison County, Mary Durbin of Joe.
B. Joseph Durbin
C. John Durbin m. 1st Rebecca Logsdon; 2nd Mary _____; 3rd _____
D. Elijah J. Durbin , became a priest
E. Richard Durbin m. 1832 Edmonson Co., Ky., Rachael Logsdon
F. Robert K. Durbin m. 1st Eliza Hill; 2nd Corinna French-Vise; 3rd Mahaley Bunn- Campbell-Perry.
G. Rebecca Durbin m. 1820 Hardin County, Jack Thomas
H. Nancy Durbin m. 1831 Edmonson County, K[illegible] Ezekiel Painter
I. Margaret Durbin m. 1840 Edmonson County, Ky., Ezekiel Painter.

5. Cecelia (Cicily?) Logsdon married Aaron McKinzey

A. Aaron McKinsey m. 1st Sarah E. Fields; 2nd Mary E. Fields
B. Malinda McKinsey m. Jack Porter
C. Edward McKinsey m. Susan Fiels
D. Elizabeth McKinsey m. John V. Durbin

6. Lucy Logsdon married 1792 Madison County, Ky. Phillip Durbin; bond was James Logsdon. Third of three sisters marrying three brothers.

A. Polly Durbin m. Sam Hendricks
B. Edward Durbin m. Margaret Hendricks
C. John Durbin
D. Phillip Durbin died infancy
E. Margaret Durbin
F. Malinda Durbin m. Rogers
G. Nancy Durbin m. Daniel Bandridge
H. Lizzie Durbin m. Samuel McKenzie
I. Lucy Durbin m. Hiram Reed
J. Christopher Durbin
K. Sarah Durbin

7. Peter Logsdon married Honor Simons. He is listed in 1810 Census Madison County with three boys and girl under 10 making his marriage about 1800. He is not listed in 1820 Census.

7. Peter Logsdon married Honor Simons. He is listed in 1810 Census Madison County with three boys and girl under 10 making his marriage about 1800. He is not listed in 1820 Census.

A. Elisha Logsdon married 1st Susanna Durbin, 2nd Mary Catherine Durbin
by first wife:
a. John Q. A. Logsdon
b. Peter Logsdon died young
c. Mary Logsdon m. Mathew Durbin
by second wife:
d. Haggie Logsdon m. Abraham Stephens
e. Joanna Logsdon m. Edward Sweet
f. Teresa Logsdon died unmarried
g. Elisha Logsdon
h. Peter Logsdon

B. Elija Logsdon Logsdon m. Elizabeth Durbin of Joseph
a. Joseph Logsdon died unmarried
b. Lydia Logsdon died in youth
c. Honor Ann Logsdon m. James Edmund Burtle

C. John Logsdon married Rachael Durbin
a. Florence Logsdon m. 1st _____ 2nd Jessie Henton
b. Christopher Logsdon died unmarried
c. Mary Logsdon m. Adam Bitner
d. Emma Logsdon m. Solomon D. Logsdon

D. Susanna Logsdon married Solomon Meeds
E. Nancy Logsdon m. John Z. Durbin
F. Elizabeth Logsdon m. Matthew Durbin

G. Sarah Logsdon m. Henry Simons
H. Mary Logsdon died unmarried

8. Elisha Logsdon married Susan Key
A. Nancy Logsdon m. Thomas McDermott
B. Mary Logsdon m. Patrick McDermott
C. Richard Logsdon m. Sarah Graves
D. Elija Logsdon m. 1st a dau. of Evan Smith
2nd Mary E. Worthington
E. William Logsdon married Sarah King

9. Honor Logsdon married 1796 Madison County, Ky. Christopher Durbin

A. John Durbin
B. Elisha Durbin m. Mary Logsdon of James E.
C. Evarlstes Durbin
D. Charles Durbin
E. Richard Durbin m. Lucy Logsdon
F. Benedict Durbin m. Margaret Logsdon
G. Nancy Durbin
H. Anastasia Durbin m Daley
I. Honor Durbin
J. A daughter

10. Pauline Logsdon m. 1793 Madison Co., Ky., John Durham (Durbin?)
11. Ann Logsdon m. 1792 Madison Co., Ky. John Simon. Bond, Joseph Durbin

- -

An odd and unidentified Logsdon in Hardin County is the subject of this tem. His name, James Vaughn Logsdon and no guess as to his parentage is ezarded. He was a pensioner from the war of 1812 (WC30092) enlisting from ayson County and served in Captain William Greenaway's Company in the 13th entucky Infantry. (This 13th infantry was the same Regiment in which William ogsdon (Old Curley Bill) who married Elizabeth Carman served.) James Logsdon erved from 11/15/1814 to 5/15/1815. His widow states in his pension application hat James Logsdon first married a Miss Jones from Tennessee. A search of Marriage ecords brings out - -
Hardin County 1813 m. Sally Jones - Warren Co. 1813 m. Mary Jones n both cases the groom was a James Logsdon. The 1820 census record in Hardin ounty shows James and wife age 16-45, and with a son under 10.

James Logsdon remarried 3/4/1853 to a Polly Collins (who makes the application r pension) and while she does not mention James' children by his first wife, e does testify that the following children were born to her marriage - - - -
1. Margaret Logsdon born 2/9/1854

2. James Logsdon born 12/3/1856

3. Sarah E. Logsdon born 9/19/1858

e pension application states that James Logsdon was born in 1782 and died 1859, thus making his last child born to him in his 76th year, and attested to in his pension papers.

Another unassimilated Kentucky Logsdon turns up in the History of Bond and Montgomery Counties (Illinois) part II, page 197. Published 1882.

I. William K. Logsdon born and died 1832 Hart County, Ky.
II. Robert Logsdon born Hart County, Ky. 1828 married Mary E. Johnsey 1852 in Hart County, Ky. Mary born 3 Nov. 1831 and died Sept. 16, 1922.

1. John W. Logsdon b. Feb. 8, 1852 Hart County, Ky. married #1 Amy Caroline Beeler (born Oct. 31, 1856 Mercer Co., Ohio. Married Dec. 28, 1876 Kokomo, Indiana, died Sept. 24, 1926 Walshville, Illinois. Parents: William Beeler and Margaret Brokaw) John died July 9, 1940 Hillsboro, Illinois.

   A. Harvey W. Logsdon b. Sept. 18, 1876, d. June 17, 1880.

   B. Bertha E. Logsdon b. Nov. 4, 1879, d. May 37, 1912 married Sinah Jesters
   C. Hattie E. Logsdon b. March 3, 1882 m. 1st Edward Edwards, 2nd Fred Thacker
   D. Dora M. Logsdon b. Sept. 23, 1883 Grishan Co., Ill. married Otto Gerlack Oct. 6, 1904
   E. Ida May Logsdon b. Jan 5, 1887 m. Jarvis Wilson, May 6, 1908

   F. Jennie R. Logsdon b. July 15, 1888 Jay Co., Ind. m. Oscar Wilson
   G. Charles L. Logsdon b. March 25, 1891, m. Mary Baily March 5, 1913
   H. Elmer G. Logsdon b. June 25, 1898, m. Adrian Traubal

   I. Ruby Logsdon b. Oct. 8, 1901, m. Wesley Marit Lives Woodsboro District, Hillsboro, Illinois

2. George Logsdon

3. Marietta Logsdon

4. Martha Ann Logsdon

5. Alesta Logsdon

6. Ida Logsdon

7. Lucy M. Logsdon

8. Robert E. Lee Logsdon

9. Ervin Logsdon

Another Hart County, Ky. reference from the "History of Warrick County, Indiana" and also noted Cyclopedia Amer. Biog. Vol. 19.

1. Samuel Logsdon born 11/19/1800 Hart County, Kentucky. Migrated to Spencer County, Indiana 1833 married Cyrene Osborn.

    1. Hiram Monroe Logsdon born 6/20/1852 married 3/20/1891 Kate Ryland. He was a Judge in Evansville, Indiana and died 9/12/1923. They had 8 children.

- -

The book "History of Fort Worth and Northwest Texas" carried the following item:

I. Joe Logsdon, a Virginian of Scotch-Irish birth, was one of the forebearers of J. E. Logsdon. Joe Logsdon came with Daniel Boone through the Mountains of Western Tennessee and Western North Carolina, to Kentucky.

II. J. E. Logsdon was a native of Grayson County, Kentucky and married Alma Dickerson. They had:

III. Harry A. Logsdon born 1884 and an M.D. of Fort Worth, Texas.

The above item apparantly is indicative of the stories that persist in families and are many times embellished as they grow older. The Logsdons did live near the Boone outpost in Madison County, Kentucky, called Boonesboro after its founder - - - Daniel Boone.

The only item that would give any substance to the above version of this Texas Logsdon is Powers "Early Settlers in Sangamon County, (Ill.)" wherein he states:

"JOSEPH LOGSDON was born about 1790 in Madison County, Kentucky. He married a Miss Simmons (probably Simons) and came to Sangamon County in 1824. In 1832-35, he moved to Texas and died in 1848 en route to California."

The fifteen or sixteen year residence in Texas may have left behind the family referred to above.

- -

We are indebted to Mrs. DeVault of Kendallville, Indiana for forwarding to us the family chart of Edwin D. Logsdon of Indianapolis, Indiana. Mr. Logsdon sent the chart of Mrs. DeVault in 1929 two years prior to his death. He states in a covering letter that the material was gathered in part by his niece Martha Logsdon, who now is living in Indianapolis and has been kind enough to collaborate with the writer. This chart covers the family of William Logsdon (1799-1882) who was the father of 19 children and the husband of two wives. The letter of Edwin Logsdon to Mrs. DeVault, says:

"There is one bit of information that I am not able to give you and that is what my great-great-grandfather and his three brothers came from Ireland and settled in Maryland. I used to have it, but in moving etc.... etc...."

The writer has understood the above letter calling attention to the story which crops up every now and then in the Logsdon family, and that is that five Logsdon brothers came across from Ireland and settled and lived in St. Mary's County, near Leonardville, Maryland. There seems to be little foundation for the story, which will be discussed later on.

Edwin Logsdon then goes on to give a Chart of the 19 children of William Logsdon and their children as follows:

William Logsdon (10/24/1799-1/5/1882) Born St. Mary's County near Leonardstown, Maryland. He lived in Madison and Washington Counties, Kentucky and in 1869, in Hardin County, Kentucky near St. Mary's. He married first on 1/12/1838 Ann Workan (12/17/1799-8/16/1856) and after the death of his first wife re-married on 7/16/1840- Alice McAlvoy (1818-1903).

(Note: It seemed improbably to the writer, that William Logsdon could have been born in St. Mary's County, Maryland. Persistant search failed to reveal any Logsdons in St. Mary's County. However, a search of the census records in Washington County, Kentucky in 1860 did turn up this William Logsdon. Reference to Springfield P. O. District 2, pp. 123

William Logsdon	Aged 60	Farmer	Born in Kentucky
Alles Logsdon	43		Born in Ireland
Thomas N. Logsdon	18		" " "
Margaret J. Logsdon	17		" " "
Amanda N. Logsdon	14		" " "
Emily Logsdon	12		" " "
Maria Logsdon	10		" " "
Alles Logsdon	8		" " "
Eliza Logsdon	5		" " "
Charles Logsdon	3		" " "
Mary J. Logsdon	6 months		" " "

The foregoing Census record is in almost perfect with the Chart of Edwin Logsdon, with the age of one or two of the children off a year or two. The "Alles" is, of course, the second wife Alice McAlvoy. The important fact is the statement that he was born in Kentucky. Without doubt his parents were in the Madison County, Ky/ group of Logsdons. The Census records indicate, as shown later, that all of the children by his first wife, were married and in their own house in Washington Co., Kentucky in 1860, except a daughter in a Convent.)

We place as a brother of William Logsdon, a Basil Logsdon who was also living in Washington County in 1860 and the only other Logsdons residing there, other than children of William. The marriage records in Madison County, Kentucky, reveal the following marriages:

1830 Basil Logsdon married Temperance Barnes

The 1860 Census Record, District No. 1, same county lists:

Basil Logsdon	50	Farmer	Born in Kentucky
Temperance Logsdon	50		" " "
Emely Beven	27		" " "
Joseph Beven	7		" " "
Francis Beven	5		" " "

The three Bevens apparantly, an Emely Logsdon, who married a Beven who had died or left his wife and they returned home.

Kate Logsdon	26	Born in Kentucky
Richard Logsdon	23	" " "
Ambrose Logsdon	17	" " "

William Logsdon named his fourth son and child Basil Logsdon and we presume that the child was named after his Uncle.

The parentage of William Logsdon and Basil Logsdon is obscure, but since Basil married from Madison County in 1830 we presume that they were of one of the Madison County families. By comparing the 1810 and 1820 Madison County Census returns, it is apparant that the early Logsdons there having male children in the correct age group to be the parents of both Basil and William are:

1. Joseph Logsdon who is recorded in both the 1810 and 1820 Census in Madison Co., with sons born in the following groups of ages:

    1. 1794-1800
    2. 1800-1804
    3. 1804-1810
    4. 1810-1820

2. James Logsdon who had some in the right age groups, but he had a son, William, who married Elizabeth Meads and hence could have been the William under discussion.

3. John Logsdon born in 1777 who was a Pensioner, had sons - -

    1. 1794-1800
    2. 1800-1804
    3. 1804-1810
    4. 1810-1820

He was living in Madison County in 1810 - 1920.

It seems fairly sure that the William under discussion must have been the son of either Joseph or John Logsdon, in spite of the fact that William's first child, a son, was named James.

The parentage of his first wife (Ann Worlan) is obscure as there is no recorded marriages in Madison County, although it is possible that they are recorded in Washington County in 1823 as dated by Edwin Logsdon. A study of the 1810 Census records of Washington County indicate a number of Worland families and a James Worland has girls in the right age group, as does a John R. Worland in 1810.

The fact that James Worland seems the probable father of Ann Worland, the naming of their first child after her father might be entirely likely and inasmuch as the second child was named Joseph, it is possible that Joseph Logsdon was the father of William. The reasoning is inferential, as is most of the efforts made to piece together the Kentucky Logsdon families.

We now return to the children of William Logsdon 1799 - 1882 and follow Chart by Edwin Logsdon, interpolating after each child, the Census Record. With but few omissions and dates the Census records faithfully follow the Chart.

1. James Logsdon born 11/6/1823. Died 1/1/1903

A. John Logsdon living in Louisville, Ky.
B. Amanda Logsdon in Convent (Sisters of the Poor)
C. Charles Logsdon died in Louisville, Ky.
D. William Logsdon married Alice. Lived Pomona, Calif.

a. Maud Logsdon
b. Mamie Logsdon
c. Frank Logsdon
d. Nellie Logsdon

The 1870 Census Washington County, Springfield Precinct, page 405 records - -

James Logsdon	aged 46	Farmer	Born in Kentucky
Martha Logsdon	36		" " "
Amanda Logsdon	18		" " "
William Logsdon	16		" " "
John Logsdon	10		" " "
Charles Logsdon	2		" " "

2. Joseph Benedict Logsdon (1/2/1825 - 3/13/1889)

A. William Logsdon married Lou _____

a. Sanford Logsdon
b. Anna Logsdon married Stolte of Indianapolis, Ind.
c. Myrtle Logsdon married Joachimi of Indianapolis, Ind.
d. Frank Logsdon

B. Nannie Logsdon married Edward Blanford

a. Ray Blanford

C. Charles Logsdon married Margaret McElvoy. He owned and lived on his grandfather's farm at Thompsonville, Monroe County, Ky.

a. Elizabeth Logsdon m. Edelin, Springfield, Ky.
b. Lena Logsdon married Edelin
c. Sally Cecil Logsdon married Jonn. _____
d. Lizzie Logsdon married Willis Adams
e. Maria Logsdon married Joe Smith

(The 1870 Census, Mackville Precinct, Washington County)

Joseph Logsdon	Aged 45	Farmer	Born in Kentucky
Ann Logsdon	43		" " "
Ellen Logsdon	22		" " "
Elizabeth Logsdon	20		" " "
William Logsdon	18		" " "
Charles Logsdon	14		" " "
Sally Logsdon	12		" " "
Marish Logsdon	10		" " "
Joseph Logsdon	6		" " "

From the foregoing it would seem apparent that Edwin Logsdon listed in error some children of Charles that should have been listed as his brothers and sisters.

3. Francis Bernard Logsdon born 8/29/1826. Married Jane Smith, sister of Diane Logsdon's husband.

A. Anna Margaret Logsdon married James Phelps
B. Mary Alice Logsdon m. Benjamin Hayden, 13 children
C. Florence Logsdon m. James Willette. 5 children
D. Fanny Logsdon married J. Berry
E. Addie Logsdon unmarried at St. Rose, Ky.
F. Steve Logsdon married Hattie Willette
G. Richard Logsdon in California
H William Logsdon in Washington D.C.

Note: 1870 Census Washington County, Ky. page 330 shows:

Frank Logsdon	Aged 44	Teacher	Born in Kentucky
Jane Logsdon	41		" " "
Ann Logsdon	17		" " "
Alice Logsdon	15		" " "
Stephen Logsdon	13		" " "
Florence Logsdon	10		" " "
William Logsdon	8		" " "
Richard Logsdon	5		" " "
Fannie Logsdon	3		" " "

4. Basil Logsdon born 2/21/1828 unmarried

Note: There is no record in Census Files for another Basil Logsdon other than the presumed brother of William, already noted.

5. William Raymond Logsdon (9/8/1829 - 12/13/1901) married Mariah Jane Canary.

A. Silas Logsdon married Mollie Thompson 12 children
B. Nannie Logsdon m. William Jefferies 1 child died in infancy
C. Belle Logsdon m. Dick Laham 5 children
D. John Logsdon m. Nellie Sweeney 5 children
E. Lizzie Logsdon m. Thad Anderson 3 children
F. Lula Logsdon m. Alvin Anderson no children

Note: 1870 Census Washington County, Ky. page 330 shows:

William Logsdon	Aged 40	Farmer	Born in Kentucky
Mariah Logsdon	40		" " "
Green Logsdon	17		" " "
Nancy Logsdon	16		" " "
John Logsdon	12		" " "
Mary Logsdon	10		" " "
Ann Logsdon	7		" " "
Elizabeth Logsdon	3		" " "
Phoebe Logsdon	1		" " "

6. Diana Logsdon (1/19/1831 - 9/5/1920) married Joe Smith

A. Eliza Smith Died
B. Maggie Smith Died
C. Joe Smith
D. Alex Smith

7. Lawrence Logsdon (3/15/1833 - 9/5/1909) m. Catherine Denny

Note: Writer has amplified data given by Edwin Logsdon by date from "The Denny Family", Martha Logsdon, of Indianapolis, says that Lawrence Logsdon moved and deserted the Catholic Church". In 1855 he moved to Indiana and there married Catherine Denny.
They had - - -

A. Charles E. Logsdon b. 1860 married Lulu Smock

a. Calice Logsdon married C. K. Anderson
b. Mary Catherine Logsdon

B. Elizabeth Ann Logsdon married William J. Prindle

a. Helen Prindle married T. L. Powers
b. Mervin Prindle married June Robinson

C. Frank F. Logsdon married Kukkue Terrance

a. Martha Logsdon (3254 Washington Blvd., Indianapolis, Ind.)
b. Lynn Logsdon
c. Elma Logsdon married Edward Hart

D. Edwin Day Logsdon b. 7/9/1867 married Lillie B. Lynch

a. Helen Logsdon m. Ray Macy
b. Marie Logsdon m. Earl Kurtz
c. Elizabeth Logsdon m. James Mamblem
d. Catherine Logsdon m. John W. Puffer
e. Martha Logsdon m. John A. Greenlee (Ames, Iowa)

E. Minnie Logsdon b. 1868 d. infancy

F. Mattie Logsdon born 1869

G. William Logsdon born 1872

There are no Census records of Lawrence Logsdon in Kentucky. 1860-70

8. Mary Ellen Logsdon born 1835 and went into Convent

9. Sarah Catherine Logsdon 1837 - 1904

10. Richard Logsdon born 1839. He died at birth and his mother survived him but two days.

* William Logsdon re-married about two years later Alice McAlvoy and
* they were the parents of - - -

11. Thomas Logsdon (7/16/1841 - 10/31/1907)

A. Richard Logsdon married Isabelle. St. Mary, Ky., no children
B. Kate Logsdon married Elmer, St. Mary. 10 boys
C. Ambrose Logsdon Henderson, Ky.

Note: 1870 Census Washington Co., Ky. Mackville Precinct p. 328

Thomas Logsdon	Aged 28	Farmer	Born in Kentucky
Ann Logsdon	22		" " "
Ambrose Logsdon	3		" " "
Mary Logsdon	1		" " "

The foregoing Census Record completes ALL Logsdons found in Washington County in year 1860 and 1870, except the following which we are here including and suggesting that it may be the record of Basil Logsdon whom Edwin Logsdon says is unmarried.

1860 Census Washington County, Ky. page 169

B. J. Logsdon	Aged 34	Farmer	Born in Kentucky
Sarah A. Logsdon	33		" " "
Nancy Logsdon	12		" " "
Elizabeth B. Logsdon	10		" " "
William F. Logsdon	6		" " "
Clara Logsdon	4		" " "
Sarah J. Logsdon	2		" " "

- -

We now return to quite a few unassimilated Maryland Logsdons.

Mrs. McCarty has sent me a letter written in 1907 to Dr. E. C. Logsdon of nesville, Ohio from Rosetta Bevons of Eagle Rock, R.F.D., Los Angelos, Calif., ading as follows:

"Dear Dousin:

I fear I am quite excited and you will think me a nusiance."

You say Catherine Ogg was Uncle Dave's daughter. Indian Joe was a full brother to my great-grandmother Catherine Ogg, and one-half brother to my great-grandfather Logsdon. Now was his name Dave? His first wife was a Wedington, second was Catherine Durbin. Aunt says this, and that his sons name was Bennet Logsdon who married who married Abigale Finley. Can you make a anything of it?"

(Note: ECW: Thomas and Williams History of Allegany County, Maryland, notes that in 1796 Bennet Logsdon married Abigale Lewis, the 1820 Census shows him born 1775-1796 and she in same span. They had two children, girls under 10.)

"I know there are three lines and I find it harder to place myself than anyone else. I have your line and Edward's line, so where do I come? Read Aunt's letter to M. Mattingly and maybe between you, you can locate us. A son of the Edward line married a Mattingly too."

Note: ECW Edward of Edward Married Jane Mattingly 10/20/1816.

"Can you tell me the name of Dave Logsdon's two children? Tell me the name of Indian Joe's father. He was father to my great-grandmother Catherine Ogg and my great-grandfather Logsdon whose name I want badly. As I understand it, there were four children, One by his first wife and three by Catherine Durbin - - James, Joseph and Catherine. Joseph was either the fighter or his father."

The foregoing apparently consists of the shole letter, although on the copy mailed by Mrs. McCarty, there is appended the following - - - -

"Catherine Logsdon married William E. Ogg 11/20/1805
Edward Logsdon married Jane Hattingly 10/20/1816
David Logsdon married Ann Hattingly 12/16/1817."

These are undoubtly all Maryland Marriages.

- -

Marriage Records at Baltimore County Court House.

1790 Joe Logsdon married Patience Helms

1. Mary Logsdon 1793-1796
2. Margaret Logsdon 1799-1803
3. John Logsdon 1802-1804
   Buried Cathedral Burying Grounds, Baltimore

1799 James Logsdon married Sisanna Kelly

There are a few more marriages recorded that are unassimilated:

1795 Annie Logsdon married Daniel Loge Ellinson
1728 Calee Logsdon married Mary Smith
1843 Prudence Ann Logsdon married James O. Golden

These are presumed to be Allegany County, Maryland references.

In 1778 in Washington County, Maryland, there is mention of Isaac Logsdon

* *

THE FAMILY OF JAMES LOGSDON

We are indebted to Mr. Harry Centennial Logsdon, Mt.Ridge Farm, Millersburg, Ohio, for carefully preserving the records of this family, in his carefully prepared "Record of the Logsdon Family" published by him in 1916.

This family has no connections on these shores, except by marriage with the Logsdon family previously recorded and it is a strange commentary on "how small the world is" that this James Logsdon who founded the family should have located near Westminster, Maryland in 1793, where the "other" Logsdon family was so intensly located.

The family line is given by Mr. H. C. Logsdon as follows:

1. James Logsdon b. Ireland 4/2/1775. His Mother died when he was quite young and his father remarried a Mrs. Ogg with two sons, Moses and James Ogg. In 1793 he bound himself to a Sea Captain for transportation to America. He arrived at Baltimore and probably served his four years indutureship, being re-bound by the Sea Captain to a planter near Westminster, Md. He met, wooed, and won there, Sisannah Kelly and they were married 3/30/1799. During the War of 1812, he aided in the defense of Baltimore. In 1815 he migrated to Harrison County, Ohio, and in 1817 further to present Holmes County, Ohio (then Coshocton County). He located here a 320 acre tract and about 200 acres of this old grant is now the homesite of H. C. Logsdon, his grandson. He died 3/14/1840, age 74.

Susannah Kelly (4/2/1773-8/30/1861). He was a devout Methodist and is buried on the summit of Mt. Logsdon, overlooking the land he settled and where his posterity still live. Susannah Kelly was also a native of Ireland. They had four sons and two daughters - - - -

1. Lawrence Logsdon 2/7/1800 - 11/13/1850 m. Naomi Shaffer on 3/28/1822. He a Preacher (Methodist) for many years. They lived in Holmes and Knox Counties, Ohio. They had 5 sons and 6 daughters.

2. William Logsdon (1/17/1802 - 5/3/1898) m. 8/6/1846 Hannah Rizer. They lived in Jefferson County, Iowa Had 3 children.

3. Joseph Logsdon (1805-) m. Lydia Thompson. They lived in Holmes Co., Ohio and then Fountain Co., Indiana. 9 children.

4. Amon Logsdon (1807- 6/18/1877) m. Catherine Arnold, lived in Holmes Co., Ohio and then Fayette Co., Illinois. 11 children

5. Anna Logsdon (11/7/1810 - 9/11/1888) m. 1836 Walter Scott Wade , married 2nd Jeremiah Mitten in 1845. Children m. 1-3; m. 2-3sons.

6. Julia Logsdon (10/3/1815 - 8/11/1879) m. 1834 James Woodney and had 1 son; m. 2nd 1841 Richard Twigg and had 7 children.

Mr. H. C. Logsdon's "Record" faithfully preserves the continuity this family for three and four generations.

Again we can remark on the "World is Small" as one of the Maryland Logsdons married a Catherine Ogg, who was a descendant of the half-brother of James Logsdon.

* *

* *

The writer is passing these notes on the Early Maryland Logsdon family along in hope that they may fall into the hands of some members of the Logsdon family, who will have family records that will effectively erase the many errors inherent in these notes.

January 1st, 1944